The Columbian.

VOL. 35. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1900. NO. 24

THE CONVENTION.

W. T. Creasy and Fred Ikeler For the Legislature.—Daniel Knorr For Sheriff.

C. A. Small Re-Elected County Chairman.

The Democratic County Convention convened in the Opera House Tuesday morning at 11:20 o'clock. Under the existing party rules, the permanent chairman of the previous convention was the temporary chairman of this convention; the meeting was therefore called to order by R. G. F. Kshinka of Briarcreek. On motion Freeze Quick and W. A. Evert were made reading clerks.

Nominations for a permanent chairman were asked for, whereupon John G. McHenry of Benton was unanimously elected. The list of townships was then called alphabetically and the returns of the vote cast at Saturday's primaries filed with the convention. The following is a list of the return judges and committeemen:

Beaver, F. B Singley, Jesse Rittenhouse; Benton Boro., B. G. Keller, H. O. McHenry; Benton Township, A. A. Colley, Abe Hartman; Berwick N. E., Wm. Mumy, C. W. Nugent, Berwick S. E., I. L. Chamberlin, Clyde Stackhouse; Berwick N. W., Wm. Grozier, Arthur Merredith; Berwick S. W. W. P. Clemens, G. T. Hoppes; Bloom 1st, W. W. Barrett Jr., John G. Harman; Bloom 2d, John Welliver, Jno. W. Gross; Bloom 3d, W. B. Allen, J. K. Bittenbender; Bloom 4th, Ed Sterner, Peter Jones; Briarcreek, A. B. Croop, Gid Michael; Catawissa Boro., Harry M. Hamlin, W. H. Barwik; Catawissa Twp., Alfred Hower, D. H. Fetterolf; Centralia 1st, John Laugdon, Thos. Quigley; Centralia 2d, Edward Cuff Jr., John Grady; Centre, John Delong, T. B. Swegpenheiser; Cleveland, Clark Rhoads, Heins Yost; Conyngham E. N., P. F. McDonnell, Jas. Haley; Conyngham W. N., Sam'l Howk, David Roach; Conyngham W, Pat. Gillispy, George Ferman; Conyngham S. W., Jas. Kelby, M. J. Dickson; Conyngham S. E., Jas. Connor, William Kelker; Fishingcreek E., L. M. Creveling, J. M. Winner; Fishingcreek W., Hiram Karns, J. S. Campbell; Franklin, Thos. Elmes, Johathan Loreman; Greenwood E., Jas. F. Lanton, C. H. Dildine; Greenwood W, John Shultz, M. B. Hock; Hemlock, Chas. Welliver, Sam'l Girton; Jackson, C. P. Lemons, Moses Savage; Locust, W. B. Snyder, J. L. Stine; Madison, Wesley Jackson, J. E. Shuman, Main, Henry Bredbenner, W. P. Zahner; Mifflin, J. C. Hetler, J. H. Eisenhower; Millville Boro., W. E. Johnston, J. B. Welliver; Montour, J. N. Gordon, Frank Hagenbuch; Mt. Pleasant, F. P. Davis, Boyd Ikeler; Orangeville Boro., J. W. Hidlay, E. W. Coleman; Orange, Wm. Drake, Abram Kline; Pine N., C. R. Kinney, P. W. Sones; Pine S., Elijah Shoemaker, T. B. Gordner; Roaringcreek, John Reichart, Leander Fetterman; Scott E., Wilson Wanick; W. E. Deitterick; Scott W., A. P. Howell, R. C. Johnston; Stillwater Boro., W. J. Smith, M. W. McHenry; Sugarloaf N., J. F. Lemons, Geo. B. Hummer; Sugarloaf S., F. P. Hartman, H. S. Cole.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The convention re-convened at 1:30. Permanent chairman, John G. McHenry, presiding. The organization was perfected by electing J. K. Bittenbender of Bloomsburg, and Thos. Quigley, of Centralia, secretaries. Mr. McHenry followed with a neat little speech thanking the convention for the honor conferred upon him, and setting forth the duty of every true Democrat who has party harmony and success at heart. His remarks were earnestly applauded. The totals of the vote cast were then read by Secretary Evert and the following candidates having received the majority of the same were declared nominees: For Congress—Hon. Rufus K. Polk; For Members of the Legislature—Hon. Wm. T. Creasy and Fred Ikeler, Esq.; for Sheriff—Daniel Knorr; Coroner—Dr. B. F. Sharpless; Jury Commissioner—David A. Shultz.

The Catawissa Band, which accompanied the delegation from the South side, occupied front seats in the convention, and after the rendition of a very pretty selection, the committee on resolutions made the following report:

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A RAPID INCREASE

The Onward Stride of Pennsylvania Cities as Seen by a Bloomsburg Man.

An Interesting Description of a Trip Down the River.

How the population of our country is increasing! Not because the census taker reveals this fact, but because we see it as we go here and there. It is very noticeable even here in the thickly settled East, with all the westward emigration of the past years.

A trip down the river, through Sunbury, Harrisburg and York as far as Baltimore, shows this filling up process very plainly; even in the rural districts the population is rapidly growing. Farms are divided into smaller ones, houses are being built, new stations along the railroads are established, summer retreats and resorts are being opened up with the attractiveness of fancy names to bring the city people out, and the country generally seems prosperous, but as we speed along we notice a great change in the towns and cities. They are spreading out, becoming centres of activity, traffic and manufactures.

Many smaller places have risen to the size and dignity of cities and the larger ones are taking their place as powers in state and nation. Sunbury is growing and its advance seems to be a very substantial one. No wild schemes, no improperly founded or conducted enterprises, no dishonest management to disgust and disappoint people and damage all growth, or put a stop to it; its location at the junction of the rivers is favorable to permanent growth, and the many railroads entering and passing through it is another helpful factor.

Harrisburg is making a sure but not very rapid advance in population and power. It is an acknowledged railroad center and hence will always have advantages for growth, possessed by few inland towns.

York is making rapid strides onward; it is taking its place as a manufacturing town in Pennsylvania; large mills are seen on every hand, all in active operation. New streets are being opened up, long rows of houses are being built, with many beautiful residences on shady avenues. This rapid growth and manufacturing increase is not due to any particular advantage in location because it is not along a through line of railroad, or on any large stream of water, and yet it is making a remarkable advance. We could not help noticing the many kinds of manufactured articles—they are legion—what an opportunity to select and to follow along some line to success. Our heart went out for our town, that we might make some such solid and substantial advance.

We all know the difficulties in the way of manufactures; the power of trusts and giant corporations is a constant menace to smaller independent capitalists who might be willing to invest their money in industrial enterprises, and another is the sharp methods and practices, the dishonest dealings with many who put small amounts of money into concerns and manufacturing plants which have destroyed public confidence to such an extent that nothing can be started with home capital.

There is a vast and ever growing demand for manufactured goods, not just from the increase of population in this country, but the whole world is opening up to trade, and America leads the nations—easily, splendidly goes in advance of all because of her resources, her energy and inventive skill. There can be no trouble about the sale of articles, why then should our mills close, the machinery be sold and our men who are willing to work be compelled to move by the hundred to other places, until as a man of intelligence and observation said not long ago: "Bloomsburg will soon be back to where it was years ago." We do not believe in going backwards.

Ours is a beautiful town; its praises are sounded everywhere and persons from a distance say they want to see it—but beauty and deadness never go together. We want life and progress and cheering activity. Let us demand that selfishness and evil and wicked designs and doings shall be put down and out, and that goodness and unselfishness for the public good shall be manifest in noble public

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E. H. LITTLE.

His Death Occurred Last Friday After a Brief Illness.

The Bar Association Attended The Funeral In a Body.

At twenty minutes before six o'clock last Friday evening Ephriam H. Little died at the boarding house of Mrs. M. M. Phillips, where he and his wife occupied a suite of rooms. They had removed to their Scott township farm for the summer, but Mr. Little caught a heavy cold, and they returned to Bloomsburg about ten days before his death. It was a rather singular coincidence that he died on the tenth anniversary of his first wife's death, and almost at the same hour of the day. Hon. R. R. Little is the only child of the deceased by his first wife. His second wife who was Mrs. D. R. Brass, survives him.

He was born March 22, 1823, in the State of New York. His father, Geo. Little moved with his family to Bethany, Wayne County, Penna., when Ephraim was quite young, and there resided, carrying on a tannery until the latter was ten years of age. He then moved to Montrose, Susquehanna County, Penna., and engaged in mercantile business. Mr. Little obtained his early education at the schools of Montrose, and in his eighteenth year began reading law as a student in the office of Lusk & Little, of Montrose, Penna., but completed his legal studies at Morris, Grundy County, Ill. There he was admitted to the bar in 1844, and practiced law in Joilet, same state, for two years. He then practiced two years more at Morris, Ill., and while a resident of that place, on one occasion went hunting prairie chickens when his gun accidentally discharged, lacerating his arm in such a manner as to render its amputation necessary. In 1847 he returned to Montrose, Penna., and in 1848 opened a law office at Tunkhannock, Penna. In 1849 he was appointed weighmaster on the canal at Beach Haven and acted as such for two years. In December, 1850, he married Elizaketh Seybert, and in the Spring of 1851 came to Columbia County, and located at Berwick, where he practiced his profession until 1860. He then came to Bloomsburg, and had been in continuous and successful practice here until he retired several years ago. Mr. Little was a Democrat; was elected District Attorney for Columbia County in 1856, and re-elected twice, serving nine years in all, and was well known throughout the county as an able lawyer. He also superintended a farm of 135 acres, located three and a half miles from Bloomsburg. He was a member of the Baptist Church.

The remains were conveyed to the residence of Judge Little on West Third Street by Undertaker Bittenbender, where the funeral services were conducted Monday afternoon at two o'clock by Rev. J. D. Smith, pastor of the Baptist Church. Interment in Rosemont Cemetery.

The pall bearers were C. W. Miller, J. H. Maize, Paul E. Wirt, F. C. Eyer W. E. Rinker, William Mensch, J. N. Gordon, Furman Kressler.

A meeting of the Columbia County Bar was held in the court room at 1:30 p. m. on Monday. Col. J. G. Freeze, President of the Association, called the meeting to order and stated its object to be to take proper action on the death of E. H. Little. A committee on resolutions was appointed, consisting of C. W. Miller, J. B. Robison, and T. J. Vanderslice, the resolutions to be published in the town papers. At two o'clock the Bar proceeded in a body to the funeral.

The Catawissa Band discoursed excellent music in front of the Exchonge Hotel, both before and after the Democratic Convention. The organization was considerably diminished in number by reason of the inability of several to leave their work, but notwithstanding this deficiency, every selection was well rendered. Catawissa has, for many years past, enjoyed the reputation of having a good band.

Rev. C. H. Brandt, a former paster of the Reformed church here, has accepted a call to the Reformed Church at Phoenixville, Pa.

COUNCIL MEETING

Many Complaints Made About Alleys and Crossings.

Resolutions Are Adopted to Suppress Profanity on the Streets.

The regular June meeting of the Bloomsburg Town Council was held Thursday evening. In the absence of Mayor Ikeler, F. B. Hartman acted in that capacity.

There were many complaints about street crossings and alleys in various parts of the town. They were all referred to the proper committee with power to act.

The alley on the east side of Court House was the subject of considerable discussion. It appears that the County Commissioners and Paul E. Wirt have agreed to each bear half the expense to have the alley properly repaired. If the expense is not too great brick will be used.

Mr. Dieffenbach moved that where it was necessary, gutters be piped with either iron or terracotta pipes. Carried.

The matter of compelling the Brass and Copper Co., and the Penn Elevator Co. to pay taxes on their plants was discussed. Referred to town solicitor.

The matter of fixing West street was discussed and finally agreed upon to repair same.

George Hassert complained of gutter in front of his property on East Fourth street, saying that during rains water accumulates there, and there being no outlet water cannot run off. Mr. Neyhard stated that he and Mr. Brown had examined same and thought they now had arrangements by which they could carry off said waste water by piping gutter thus carrying water down Iron street. Referred to street committee.

The report of the finance committee was read and accepted.

On motion of Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Cronin a nine mill tax rate was levied, the same as last year.

Mr. Hartman read the following resolution regarding the use of profane language and loafing on the streets:

BLOOMSBURG, PA., June 7, 1900.

WHEREAS numerous complaints of assemblages, rude blasphemy and vile language upon the public streets of the town of Bloomsburg have been made, therefore it is

Resolved, That the President of the Council be requested to call before him the policemen of the town and instruct them as to their duties, and direct them to disperse all unlawful assemblages and enforce the law against the indulgence in profanity and obscene language on the public streets, that ladies, gentlemen and children be allowed to pass along the pavements hereafter without being insulted by these assemblages of men and boys, who gather on the street corners and in front of public and business places. FRED B. HARTMAN.

On motion duly seconded the resolution was adopted.

Building permits were granted to H. S. Pohe for a veranda in front of his property on East Third street and to Josiah Ralston for an addition to his property on Main street.

Michael Tracy appeared and stated that salary for attending to fire alarm system was too small and unless same was increased he would resign.

The matter was referred to committee on fire and water, they to look after same.

The matter of exonerating the Keystone Mill property from taxes for ten years was discussed and on motion duly seconded the matter was laid on the table until the next regular meeting.

Mr. Dieffenbach reported that he had been told the Good Will Fire Company had been using the rubber boots of said company for private purposes and that one of the lanterns was missing.

He moved that the paraphernalia of said company be taken by Council and held until the controversy between the two factions is adjusted or until the company now holding said aparatus procures a charter.

The motion was not seconded and the motion passed over.

Mr. Dieffenbach suggested that the chief of fire department call out the different companies four times a year

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They Say

That a man talks about the weather because he doesn't know enough to talk about anything else. That's about the case with the man who has always been going to a tailor for his clothes. He pays about 40 per cent. too much, but he doesn't know about any other clothes. Show him one of our Spring Suits and you have started him off on a new line of thought. Common sense, is it not, to get as much for your money as you can?

You Must Remember

That the "wholesale tailors" employ tailors, can buy the best fabrics, have straight connections with the most authoritative fashion centres, and can make a suit—because they make many—at half the merchant tailor's price.

Look Into This Thing.

Come, in, some day, and permit us to show you what a ready-to-wear garment, of the kind we sell, is like. You never saw ready-to-put-on clothes like our Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes, because there are none so good.

Ben. Gidding,

Bloomsburg, Penn'a.

Come in and see us—we'll treat you right.

'TIS A LONG CRY to July 31st, when we take inventory. But it's coming, and at that time we want to feel ourselves poor in goods. Our rule is to move slow-selling goods at any price. We won't wait until the last week in July to put the knife into the prices, but we start now, when the goods are seasonable. We mention a few things:

Silks.

Suitable for waists. Silk remnants, 20, 25, 40, 50 and 70c. Their value is just double this.

White dimity, reduced from 20c. to 12½c, and from 15c. to 10c.

Shirt Waists.

Which were good value at 50c., now 25c., and others that were 35 and 50c., now 20c.

Remnants

Of Marseilles, to close, from 28c to 18c.

Barred Nainsook, reduced from 20 and 25c., to 10 and 15c.

Shirt Waists.

Of India linen, Pique and other seasonable stuffs, were $1.00 and $1.25. To close out the lot, 50c.

Shirt waists, which were $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00, now $1.25.

Bargains in Doylies & Crash Silks

We are closing out Richardson's wash silks at 3½c. per skein. We are also closing out our stock of doylies. These are new goods, bought for this season, but as we have decided to discontinue selling this class of goods, the price will be just cut in half.

Grocery Department.

You certainly must like the goods we handle. The business in this department is steadily growing every month. We will serve you better, the more business we get from you.

Rugs, Rugs, Rugs, Rugs.

We have them, from the small velvet rug, 18x30, to the carpet size, 12x15. No one can show you the line of these goods that we do. Consider what it means to give you a selection out of 40 rugs, and at all prices. We will give you a velvet rug, suitable for a porch rug, at $1.10. $1.50 would be a reasonable price for them. Our carpet stock is full. We keep it so. The newest designs and colorings are always seen on our floors. We will close out our mattings at cost price.

THE LEADER STORE COMPANY, Ltd.,

4TH AND MARKET STS., BLOOMSBURG.

DEFEAT OF DE WET.

Victory For Kitchener and Methuen at Rhenoster.

Boers Scattered and British Communication Reopened.

Roberts In a Stubborn Fight With Botha, but the Latter Was Not Defeated.

LONDON, June 13.—After a week's silence Lord Roberts has been heard from, his line of communications having been practically restored by means of a complete victory gained by Generals Methuen and Kitchener over General De Wet at the Rhenoster river yesterday, June 12. The Boer camp was captured, and the burghers, it is added, were scattered in all directions.

Lord Roberts, on being notified of the cutting of his line of communications, sent General Kitchener in all haste to join General Methuen. June 11 Lord Roberts attacked General Botha, who was in strong force 15 miles southeast of Pretoria. After strenuous opposition the British forces gained considerable ground, but General Botha, when Lord Roberts left the field, was still undefeated.

All is quiet at Pretoria and Johannesburg, and Lord Roberts says the government need have no apprehension about the security of the army in South Africa, as it will not take long to remedy the reverses and repair the railroad.

SITUATION AT PRETORIA.

A lengthy dispatch forwarded to the war office by Major General Knox from Kroonstadt, presumably sent there by messenger, reads as follows:

"We have been requested to forward you from Lord Roberts the following dispatch from the Pretoria residency at 8:08 a. m. today:

"'Pretoria and Johannesburg are perfectly quiet, and several of the inhabitants have expressed gratitude for the peace and order which prevail.

"'After surrendering the city Botha retired to a place about 15 miles east on the Middleburg road. He had a small force at first, but during the last few days his numbers increased, and his being so near the town kept up the excitement in the country, prevented the burghers from laying down their arms and interfered with the collection of supplies. It therefore became necessary to attack him. This I did yesterday. He held a very strong position, practically unassailable in front, which enabled him to place the main portion of his troops on his flanks, which he knew from former experience were his vulnerable parts. I sent French with Porter's and Dixon's cavalry brigades and Hutton's mounted infantry round by our left and Ian Hamilton, with Broadwood and Gordon's cavalry brigade, Ridley's mounted infantry and Bruce Hamilton's infantry brigade round by our right. Both columns met with great opposition. At about 3 in the afternoon I saw two of Hamilton's infantry battalions advancing to what appeared to be the key of the enemy's defense on their left flank. This was almost gained before dark, and I ordered the force to bivouac on the ground they had won.

POLE-CAREW'S MOVEMENTS.

"'Pole-Carew, with his division, occupied our center.

"'As I have explained, he could not attack, but he gradually advanced, so as to support Ian Hamilton, and when I left the field he was on the line held by the enemy's outposts in the morning.

"'I hurried back to get news of Methuen's movement. On hearing that the Free Staters had taken advantage of our crossing the Vaal to interrupt our line of communication I sent Kitchener with such troops as I could then spare to Ver [Vredefort?] with orders to push south and communicate with Methuen, who, I knew, had a very compact force in the vicinity of Heilbron. I also dispatched a special messenger to Methuen, instructing him to push on at all speed to the main line of railway. These two officers met at Vredefort road station in the evening of June 10. They marched yesterday to Rhenoster river, where Methuen gained a complete victory over De Wet and took possession of his camp and scattered his troops in all directions. He and Kitchener marched today toward Kroonstadt.

"'Her majesty's government need have no apprehension as to the security of the army in South Africa. The enemy gained a slight success, which was unfortunate, but which will be remedied very shortly, and it will not take long to repair the damage done to the railway. As these diversions are all in existence, I am now able to hold the line between this and Rhenoster in strength. Methuen will arrange to guard it onward as he advances.

"'Hunter should be at Potchefstroom today. He will then move on Johannesburg.

"'We have communicated with Buller, who will no doubt soon make the presence of his force in the field felt.

"'Our losses yesterday were not, I trust, serious, but I deplore the death of that gallant soldier, the Earl of Airlie. The only other casualties reported as yet are: Seventeenth lancers—Major the Hon. Lionel Fortescue and Lieutenant the Hon. C. Cavendish, both killed.'"

General Knox adds that Kroonstadt is quite safe.

REGARDED AS SATISFACTORY.

Lord Roberts' dispatch is regarded as eminently satisfactory. It ends a period of suspense caused by the cutting of his line of communications and indicates what a strong grip he has on the situation.

The result of the battle between Lord Roberts' forces and those of General Botha is eagerly awaited here, but it is believed the Boer commander will only complete his retirement, which he seems to have already commenced, though there is some hope in London that Lord Roberts will be able to surround him.

The decisive victory scored by Generals Methuen and Kitchener is regarded as likely to have a more farreaching effect than any recent action in the Orange River Colony.

General Kitchener's progress south, it is believed, must have almost equaled the records of all forced marches. His detachment from headquarters was a merely routine procedure, as the chief of staff is responsible for the line of communications.

General Buller is rapidly fulfilling Lord Roberts' hope that he will make his forces felt. A dispatch from Houbert's farm, under today's date, announces the continuation of Buller's successful march, the occupation of Volkrust without opposition and the capture of a number of prisoners, while the Boer casualties yesterday are reported to have been very heavy. A special dispatch from Cape Town reports that the Boers recently captured a train at Smaldeel and destroyed two miles of the line. But subsequent dispatches show that General Hunter routed all the Boers in that neighborhood.

The Earl of Airlie, whose death Lord Roberts deplores, was one of the most popular members of the nobility and commanded the Twelfth lancers.

Lieutenant Cavendish was the son and heir of Lord Chesham.

Major Fortescue was formerly aid-de-camp to Lord Seymour in Canada.

PLEDGED TO BRYAN.

Ohio Democrats Indorse Chicago Platform and Demand Nebraskan's Nomination.

COLUMBUS, O., June 13.—The Democratic state convention was called to order at the Auditorium at 11 o'clock by the Hon. W. S. Thomas of Springfield, chairman of the state central committee. Portraits of Bryan, Thurman, Jackson, McLean and others were conspicuous in the hall.

After prayer by Rev. John Hewitt, Chairman Thomas addressed the convention on the work of the past year and the prospects for the present political year. The following temporary organization was announced: Chairman, Webster P. Huntington of Columbus; secretary, Louis Reemelin of Cincinnati, and sergeant-at-arms, John McCarty of Defiance.

Chairman Huntington was received with great applause and made the keynote speech of the convention.

The following are the principal planks of the platform:

"We reaffirm our adherence to the Democratic national platform adopted at Chicago in 1896. But new and grave issues have arisen, threatening the safety of free government itself, which should command at this time the most serious attention of all patriotic citizens.

"We enter our protest against the doctrine that the president or congress can govern acquired territory outside and independently of the constitution of the United States as a doctrine utterly subversive of every foundation principle of our government. • • •

"We denounce the Porto Rican tariff bill as a palpable violation of the doctrines of the fathers and of the fundamental principles of our government, which is based upon equal rights to all."

The platform denounces trusts and monopolies, favors the removal of all duties from imports monopolized by trusts and also demands the enactment and enforcement of such legislation as will prevent every species of discrimination. It denounces the "currency law passed by the present congress, which transfers to the banks the entire control of the paper currency, thus laying the foundation for a money trust which will have power to control the prices of all property and to stimulate or strangle business." In conclusion it says:

"We affirm anew our undiminished faith in the acknowledged leader of our party, William J. Bryan, and demand his nomination at Kansas City for president of the United States, and the delegates elected by this convention are instructed to so cast their votes."

Postal Fraud Developments.

HAVANA, June 13.—The Post this morning publishes a sensational story connected with the postal frauds. It says it has an attested communication from Fred Spencer, the hospital nurse who attended Inspector Maynard during his last illness, alleging that the patient was called upon by two postal officials who persuaded Mr. Maynard, when he was in a semiconscious state, to sign important postal documents. The next day the patient died. Spencer expresses the belief that the securing of the signature must have been a very important matter, as two men holding such positions as those held by the callers would not have risked contracting yellow fever for any light reason. Spencer, the paper announces, gives the names of the men in question, but The Post does not publish them, simply saying that both are prominently connected with the postal frauds.

Historic Warship's Cruise.

NEW YORK, June 13.—After a long and eventful voyage from San Francisco around Cape Horn, Admiral Farragut's old flagship, the Hartford, now a United States training ship, has arrived in the lower bay. This is the first visit of the Hartford since she went to the Pacific coast many years ago. She arrived at Hampton Roads on May 30 from San Francisco, the longest voyage ever made by an American training ship, with 350 apprentices aboard who had shipped at San Francisco.

Bryan Goes Fishing.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 13.—W. J. Bryan, with Mrs. Bryan and their children, left last evening for Chicago. At that place Mr. Bryan will be joined by Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, and Colonel Wetmore of St. Louis, and the three will go to Wisconsin on a fishing trip. Charles A. Towne is expected to join them in Wisconsin, but Mr. Bryan disclaims any knowledge of a prospective conference on the vice presidency.

Chilean President Dying.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The state department has received the following dispatch from United States Minister Wilson at Santiago, Chile, dated June 11: "President Errazurize had third and dangerous attack of paralysis yesterday. Death simply a question of time. Executive functions transferred to Prime Minister Albano, as provided by constitution."

Our Coal In Germany.

BERLIN, June 13.—The Rochester and Pittsburg Coal and Iron company has established at Leipsic a general agency for Europe and will offer immediately 100,000 tons of bituminous coal at a price making importation possible. The Aachen Association of Employers of Textile Workers has voted to discharge 10 per cent of the weavers owing to lack of work.

RISING AT CHEFU.

Gunboat Yorktown Sent to Protect Americans.

Minister Conger Reports the Situation Still Critical.

United States Marines Sent From Manila to Re-enforce Admiral Kempff In China.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The navy department has been informed that the Yorktown has sailed from Shanghai for Chefu.

The United States consul at Chefu has informed the state department of Boxer disturbances at that place, but no particulars were furnished.

Chefu is on the northern coast of the Shangtung peninsula.

A cablegram has been received at the state department from Minister Conger, at Peking, stating that Tuan, the father of the heir apparent, has been appointed president of the tsung-li-yamen; also that three other new ministers have been appointed, all affiliated with the party opposed to foreigners. On the whole, Mr. Conger reports, the situation is not materially improved. Guards are repairing the railway, and as soon as they have arrived at Peking, it is Mr. Conger's belief that the safety of the foreigners at that capital will be assured.

A dispatch received today from Manila says:

"The United States hospital ship Solace sailed at midnight last night, having on board 100 marines and 5 officers, Major Waller commanding, in response to the telegraphic request sent from Tong-Ku June 11 by Admiral Kempff for a battalion of marines from Manila. Thirty others left last week on the United States gunboat Nashville, bound for Tien-tsin. The marines on the Solace had been destined for Guam. It is believed that others will be sent there later on. A supply ship will leave this week, and possibly the cruiser New Orleans will sail later."

Official dispatches received in diplomatic quarters in Washington show that the rioting in Peking has reached an acute stage, with the rioters directing a number of their assaults against members of the different foreign legations there. One of these dispatches states that the secretary of the Belgian legation was twice attacked on Monday and escaped after being maltreated by the mob. On the same day two officials of the British legation serving as student interpreters were attacked by a large crowd of roughs. The young Englishmen held the attacking party back for a time, but when the mob threatened to close in on them they drew revolvers and by a show of force made their retreat without bodily injury.

MAY FORGIVE TSI AN.

The Powers Reported to Have Arranged Basis of Settlement.

HONGKONG, June 13.—A dispatch from Shanghai says:

"Extraordinary rumors are current here to the effect that the powers have settled the Chinese question by agreeing to forgive the dowager empress and her Mantchoo advisers, provided they promise to amend their future conduct."

The steamer Hatien has been chartered to convey 600 troops to Tien-tsin. She is being fitted by the artificers of the Terrible.

The troops today drew their field equipment. The date of their departure has not been made known.

UPHOLDS THE EMPRESS.

Professor Starr Says She Should Not Be Criticised For Her Attitude.

CHICAGO, June 13.—Professor Frederick Starr, head of the department of anthropology at the University of Chicago, in addressing the students on the Chinese question asserts that the dowager empress was justified in her action and that a protectorate established by the powers would be a failure. Dr. Starr, who has made a special study of the Chinese, said in part:

"The dowager empress should not be criticised for her attitude toward the missionaries. The Boxers are a new organization, formed to do away with conditions which have become intolerable. The party of the empress will succeed eventually, because any scheme to deter her by a coalition of the powers, such as is proposed at present, will be a failure. If control passes from China's hands, it will drift into Russia's. A joint protectorate of the powers would come to the same end as the protectorate in Egypt. The control and finally the possession of the country would pass to the strongest power. In Egypt England triumphed.

"There are four possibilities of the outcome of affairs in China: First, the dowager empress will come out victorious; second, the so called emperor may be restored under a coalition of the foreign powers; third, China may be divided among the nations; fourth, Russia may seize China.

"The only probabilities are the first and fourth. The partition of China among the nations would lead to the development of a warlike spirit in the Chinese themselves, which would unite the nation and give it a strong sway as a world power."

Lucretia Hale Dead.

BOSTON, June 13.—Lucretia Peabody Hale is dead in her eightieth year. She was the oldest surviving sister of Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., and, like him, was a writer of note. Miss Hale was deeply interested in educational work and the charities of this city. In a great measure it is indebted to her for the present movement in regard to vacation schools, the teaching of sewing and morals in the public schools.

Grant Wins a Victory.

MANILA, June 13.—General Grant, who led re-enforcements, with artillery, against the insurgents in the mountains east of Samiguet, reports the capture of the rebel stronghold after four hours' fighting. The rebels were scattered, and the Americans are pursuing them.

General Grant's column had no casualties.

Merely a Suggestion.

Husband—What's the matter with the biscuits this morning?

Wife—It's the fault of the yeast. It failed to make the rise.

Husband—Why don't you use an alarm clock?—Chicago Daily News.

To Be Expected.

Housekeeper—Call these apples Rhode Island greenings, do you? Seems to me they are awfully small.

Dealer—Yes, mum. Rhode Island is a small state, mum.—N. Y. Weekly.

Worth Boasting About.

"Mrs. Prizzington pretends that she has long been accustomed to move in an atmosphere of refinement."

"Well, her claim is not wholly unfounded. Nearly two generations have come up since her people drank coffee out of their saucers."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Weather Etiquette.

"Rain, rain, go away,
Come again another day;"
Let me know what day you'll come,
And I'll be sure to be at home.
—Ally Sloper.

Not Particular.

Brown—I hear Jones is looking around for new quarters.

Smith—Oh, I guess he isn't particular about their newness. He borrowed an old one from me this morning.—N. Y. World.

Accounted For.

"Are you boarding or do you keep house?"

"Both."

"Both?"

"Yes. I'm a carpenter." — Harlem Life.

Two Kinds.

"What is a bookworm, Uncle Jack?"

"It is a person who would rather read than eat; or it is a worm that would rather eat than read."—Indianapolis Journal.

Triumph of Surgery.

"And what do you regard as the greatest triumph of modern surgery?"

"Collecting the bills," promptly responded the great practitioner.—Tit-Bits.

Defined.

Tommy (reading about the war)—Pa, what's a galling fire?

Pa—The one Bridget keeps up in the furnace on a warm day and allows to go out on a cold one.—Brooklyn Life.

Unnecessary.

Maude—Did you give Tom permission to kiss you?

Clara—Of course not. He didn't ask it."—N. Y. World.

A woman may not know how to sharpen a leadpencil, but she can usually depended upon to sharpen a man's wit.

"Take Heed Will Surely Speed."—Be sure to heed the first symptoms of indigestion, nervousness and impure blood, and thus avoid chronic dyspepsia, nervous prostration and all the evils produced by bad blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is your safeguard. It quickly sets the stomach right, strengthens and quiets the nerves, purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood and keeps up the health tone.

All liver ills are cured by Hood's Pills. 25c.

If some people would try the work cure perhaps there wouldn't be so much need of the rest cure.

In conciseness of statement, in the thoroughness with which the ground has been covered, the Biggle Books have won praises on every hand. The boiled-down, common-sense cream not skim-milk method, which characterizes the pages of the "Farm Journal" has been carried out in their preparation. For mechanical effect no expense or pains have been spared, and the highly finished paper, the beautiful illustrations, the excellent type and press work, and the handsome cloth binding, makes these books models of the printer's art. The color work in the Berry, Poultry and Cow Books, has never been attempted before in any book selling for a reasonable price. No farm or rural home is complete without Judge Biggle's books, and no one interested in these subjects can afford to let another day go by without sharing in the helpful things with which their pages are filled. Pay $40 for a farm library other than this and you will not have more value. The price is 50 cents, by mail; address the publishers, Wilmer Atkinson Co., Philadelphia.

No man needs to be instructed in the art of spending money.

WHAT SHALL WE HAVE FOR DESSERT? This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add a little boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, orange, Raspberry and strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10cts. 5 24d 4t

It is a waste of time to heap coals of fire on the head of the ice man.

Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses and heals the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and cures catarrh easily and pleasantly. Cold in the head vanishes quickly. Price, 50 cents, at druggists, or by mail.

Catarrh caused difficulty in speaking, and to a great extent, loss of hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson, Atty-at-Law, Monmouth, Ill.

The taxidermist makes an honorable living at a skin game.

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE—Permanently cured by the masterly power of South American Nervine Tonic. Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvellous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by C. A. Kleim, druggist, 128 West Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa. 1y4 19

No, Maude, dear, garden hose should not be worn at a lawn party.

JELL-O, the new dessert, pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, orange, raspberry and strawberry. At your grocers. 10c. Try it to-day. 5 24 4td

Lots of people are found out when you go to call on them.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS AND INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION IS
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PIANOS. From $175.00 and Upwards.
ORGANS. From $50.00 and Upwards

We sell on the installment plan. Pianos $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of kinds.

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$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Machine, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of

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FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.

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THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES

Butter per lb	$	.18
Eggs per dozen		.14
Lard per lb		.11
Ham per pound		.14
Pork, whole, per pound		.06
Beef, quarter, per pound		.07
Wheat per bushel		.90
Oats " "		.40
Rye " "		50
Wheat flour per bbl	3.50 to	4.00
Hay per ton		$12.00
Potatoes per bushel		.45
Turnips " "		.25
Onions " "		.80
Sweet potatoes per peck		.40
Tallow per lb		.05
Shoulder " "		.11
Side meat " "		.09
Vinegar, per qt		.05
Dried apples per lb		.05
Dried cherries, pitted		.12
Raspberries		.12
Cow Hides per lb		.3½
Steer " " "		.05
Calf Skin		.80
Sheep pelts		.75
Shelled corn per bus		.60
Corn meal, cwt		1.50
Bran, "		1.00
Chop "		1.00
Middlings "		1.00
Chickens per lb new		.12
" " " old		.12
Turkeys " "		.14
Geese " "		.14
Ducks " "		.08

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

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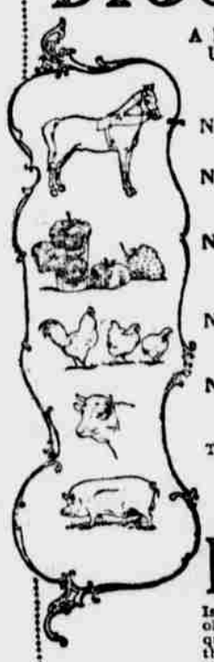

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2 Doors above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

EN ROUTE TO PARIS EXPOSITION.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

MID OCEAN, May 20 1900.

In order to reach the Paris Exposition, we Americans must embark. There is no dry road thither. Embarkation on a great liner is an act on a great stage with comic, melodramatic and even tragic scenes. The huge vessel looms alongside the pier. The hour for sailing is all, but three hours earlier the passengers begin to arrive with bag and baggage, scrip and scrippage, some with family, a grip and an umbrella. Some in liveried carriages others on the street car. Messengers arrive with flowers, the gifts of friends. Some of the bouquets are magnificent and expensive. They are now, three days out, displayed in the steamer salon, making it look like a florist's bazaar. One huge bouquet of rare roses and orchids I am told cost at least one hundred dollars.

For an hour or more before the time for sailing the decks and public rooms of the great vessel are crowded, but for the most part by relatives and friends of those who have come to see the passengers off. The hour for sailing is near, the crews of the steamer are turning, but merely for practice, getting their hand in before they strike the long wet streak across the Atlantic. The ship's band breaks upon the babble of tongues with a lively promenade. Many, supposing the hour has come, rush down the plank lest they be taken to Europe unprepared; but the more experienced await the final signal, for the band will, with intermissions, play several more airs. The time for parting has come. Those who sail on the Hamburg-American Line are largely German-Americans, and they either feel more or pretend to feel more, or restrain their feelings less than we undemonstrative un hyphenated Americans. They kiss, embrace and weep, and then, after a breathing spell, rush at each other and do it again. Men kiss men, and women kiss women, *et vice versa ad libitum*, all the while looking at each other with such looks of longing, despairing fondness as we are accustomed to see only when the coffin lid closes for the last time. Finally there is a signal for friends to leave the boat and after a last repetition of harrowing partings, the imense steel floating hotel moves slowly from the pier and then with increasing speed sails down the bay and out to sea. We had beautiful starting weather, but fine weather will not prevent sea sickness in the predisposed, for we were not out of sight of the Goddess of Liberty in New York Harbor before some of the passengers were reclining on steamer chairs and sucking lemons.

After having crossed the Atlantic six times, I confess to a prefererce for German manned boats. The service on deck, in cabin and at the table is the best I have found. It is prompt, intelligent and cheerful without obsequiousness, and without the perpetual suggestion of tips or extra pay, although no doubt they know that will come. But I prefer these boats mainly on account of the feeling of greater security, which one always experiences in the presence of perfect order and rigid discipline. In the crews which man the great passenger ships of the German liners the German Empire has educated a race of seamen that is second numerically to that of England alone, and perhaps not second in the skill, courage and seaworthiness of the individual sailor. It must be remembered that these trained men of the merchant marine belong to the reserve force of the German navy and can be called on at any moment to man the war ships that the German Kaiser is so industriously building. It should be remembered by our countrymen and our Statesmen that within the last year the United States has sent an army of seventy thousand men over a sea route of 7,000 miles and that England has traversed the same distance with more than 200,000 and 50,000 horses. We are no longer the isolated people sea girt as by fire we once were and we have not an overwhelming navy like that of England to protect us. Count von Moltke said he had drawn a dozen successful plans for the invasion of England, but had never been able to plan a successful retreat after he had landed an overwhelming German army. Would he find the same difficulty with the United States? He, or rather his successor certainly will if our sea power keeps pace with our wonderful material development and our widening interests abroad.

We are now in sight of Cherbourg with its great walled artificial harbor and clossal statue of the Great Napoleon, astride a big bronze stallion, his arm extended pointing to the magnificent wall stretching far out in the sea and inscribed below in excellent French, though he spoke an Italian patois, "I will reproduce at Cherbourg the marvels of Egypt."

I shall take the train for Paris tomorrow and in my next letter will tackle the exposition. The subject has already been much be-written and I would despair of writing anything worth printing were it not for the fact that it is a physical impossibility scientifically proved that no two eyes ever see the same object. It this is true of the physical sight how profoundly true it is of the physical insight.

PARIS, FRANCE, May 28, 1900.

Paris, at all times a world,s center, has this year eclipsed even herself by the splendor of her universal exposition. Every nation of the world has contributed of its choicest and best. It is a dazzling, bewildering assemblage. Something like it has been seen before at Philadelphia in 1876, at Paris in 1878 and in 1889, and at Chicago in 1893, but this exposition outshines all others, not in every degree and detail, but as an ensemble. It could not be otherwise; the world has moved even since so recent an event as the Chicago exposition, and the world now moves not by the century but by the day. Cloyed and blase though we are with progress and its triumphs, we cannot walk in the presence of these wonderful assemblages of mechanical skill and power, these chefs d'oeuvres of art and architecture; these melodies and symphonies of wealth and taste and grace and garniture without a feeling of admiration and wonder. Carlyle calls Walter Scott's depictions of natural scenery "Flirtations with Dame Nature" and disapproves such writing. Word painting is doubtless a poor make-shift and the artist who would attempt to paint this fair should have a ten league canvass and brushes of comet's hair." But lacking time to catch a comet I will sling ink with a fountain pen, and since Carlyle did not prohibit flirtation with damsels, art, architecture and machinery, let's to it:

On both sides of the River Seine from the Pont de la Concorde (where the king and queen and numerous others were guillotined a hundred years ago) to the Pont d'Sena stretches the new city of the exposition. It has not the space of our centennial or Chicago expositions, but it is all the better for that, for there was too much foot work at both of these. Architecturally, the exposition consists of huge but graceful buildings of iron and stone, a maze of palaces, towers, domes and pavilions interspersed with fountains grettoes, lakelets, and all set in the vivid green of a French park.

From the grand palace of the Champs Elysees a wide avenue extends to the Esplande des Invalides. On either side are white buildings with beautiful facades. Then comes the new memorial bridge to the Russian Emperor Alexander III, of prancing Pegasi; and the bridge passed, the broad avenue lined with palaces concontinues to the majestic dome of the Invalides where lie all all that is mortal of Frances' greatest warrior.

The Palace of Champs Elysees contains a collection of paintings, sculpturs and minor objects of decorative art that will claim for it the greatest attention from many visitors. Beyond the bridge of Alexander the third are the pavilions of all nations, the exhibits of their industries and handicrafts. The first in order is that of Italy, a beautiful structure slightly suggestive of St. Mark's of Venice; then a mosque that will at once be known as the home of Turkey; and third the national building of the United States which is not unlike General Grant's tomb at Riverside Park. It has an immense dome on which a colossal bronze eagle is perched. The front, looking towards the river, is in the form of a triumphal arch surrounded by a Goddess of Liberty, and containing an equestrian statue of Washington. In curious juxtaposition to the United States building is that of Spain. Farther along the Seine we come to the grand palace of the Trocadero, the memorial building of the Exposition of 1878. The park fronting the Trocadero is where the colonies display their characteristics and amusements. Here are pagodas of the Chinese, bazaars and tea houses, the Japanese art palace and the exhibits of Russia and Sibetia, where a model of the Kmlin is to be seen. Here also are amusement houses from the far East: a Boer farm in miniature; a temple of India and sections that appear to be transplanted bodily from Tunis and Algiers.

On the banks of the Seine there is also a temple which will be used for a unique and interesting feature of the exposition—The Social Economy Congress, and the Congress of Religions. A long program of meetings covering more than one hundred sittings has been arranged, and any one may hear the servants of the world discussing the great social and religious problems of the day, among them co-operative associations, institutions for the intellectual and moral benefit of wage workers, public charity, workmen's dwellings, measures of hygiene, improvement in amusement and recreation, etc., etc. One of the subjects to be discussed will be public and private initiative which will bring up the entire system of State Intervention.

I do not find board and lodging particularly high in Paris, certainly not higher than at previous expositions here. I have pension (room and board) at $3 per day. The house has electric lights, elevator and steam heat. The steam heat may seem superfluous in the United States at this season, but it is cold in Paris and will be, off and on, until July. I have taken paines to investigate, and I know that any one with patience to search, and provided he is able to speak French a little, will find living not much more expensive than in the larger cities of the United States. There is abundant room. The hotels in certain localities are crowded, but others are not half full and signs "Apartments" and 'Rooms to Rent" are seen everywhere.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
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Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Minister's Work is Never Done.

A Monotonous Grind That Ever Keeps Him Strained to The Utmost.

"There is no limit whatever to the minister's work," writes Ian Maclaren of "The Minister and His Vacation," in the June Ladies' Home Journal. "The merchant knows that he can do so much work in eight hours because he is dealing with affairs, but the minister never knows what he can do because he is dealing with ideas. It is the necessity of production, even when the mind will not produce, which grates upon the nerves of a minister and is apt to break down his health. The journalist writes every day, but he has something new to write about; the literary man writes when he is inclined; the minister has to write on an old subject—although the greatest which can engage the mind—and he has to write whether his mind is bright or dull. It is only by patient reading and unceasing prayer that he can accomplish his duty, and then he is ever strained to the utmost, and never knows the rest of the man who does his work with time and strength and ideas to spare. When the minister in active service lies down to die he will be giving directions in his last conscious moments about a letter that has not been answered, and sending explanations to a family that has not been visited, and when his mind begins to wander it will be among texts with which he has struggled and efforts which he has made in vain."

The golden opportunity of a man's life is when he has a chance to marry an heiress.

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Are prepared from Nature's mild laxatives, and while gentle are reliable and efficient. They

Rouse the Liver

Cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, and Constipation. Sold everywhere, 25c. per box.

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Specifics act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. **They Cure the Sick.**

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1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
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3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Facache	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever	.25

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250,000 CURED.

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Nothing can be more demoralizing to young or middle-aged men than the presence of these "nightly losses." They produce weakness, nervousness, a feeling of disgust and a whole train of symptoms. They unfit a man for business, married life and social happiness. No matter whether caused by evil habits in youth, natural weakness or sexual excesses, our New Method Treatment will positively cure you.

NO CURE—NO PAY

Reader, you need help. Early abuse or later excesses may have weakened you. Exposure may have diseased you. You are not safe till cured. Our New Method will cure you. You run no risk.

250,000 CURED

Young Man—You are pale, feeble and haggard; nervous, irritable and excitable. You become forgetful, morose, and despondent; blotches and pimples, sunken eyes, wrinkled face, stooping form and downcast countenance reveal the blight of your existence.

WE CURE VARICOCELE

No matter how serious your case may be, or how long you may have had it, our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure it. The "wormy veins" return to their normal condition and hence the sexual organs receive proper nourishment. The organs become vitalized, all unnatural drains or losses cease and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a permanent cure assured. NO CURE, NO PAY. NO OPERATION NECESSARY. NO DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

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We treat and cure SYPHILIS, GLEET, EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL LOSSES, BLADDER AND KIDNEY diseases. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT.

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KENNEDY & KERGAN
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This is a critical period in the life of every woman and no mistakes should be made.

The one recognized and reliable help for women who are approaching and passing through this wonderful change is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

That the utmost reliance can be placed upon this great medicine is testified to by an army of grateful women who have been helped by it.

Mrs. Pinkham, who has the greatest and most successful experience in the world to qualify her, will advise you free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass. Write to her.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect Dec. 17, 1899.

STATIONS.	EAST				WEST			
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	10 35	1.50	10 00	5 50				
Cameron	6 47	2 01	.....	6 02				
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	6 10				
Danville	6 58	2 11	10 19	6 10				
Catawissa	7 12	2 24	10 34	6 22				
Rupert	7 17	2 29	10 37	6 26				
Bloomsburg	7 24	2 34	10 43	6 31				
Espy	7 32	2 40	10 48	6 36				
Lime Ridge	7 39	2 46	.....	6 41				
Briarcreek	7 49	2 55	.....	10 47				
Willow Grove	17 44	12 51	.....	.....				
Berwick	7 55	3 01	11 05	6 53				
Beach Haven	8 02	3 03	.....	6 58				
Hick's Ferry	8 12	3 09	.....	7 02				
Shickshinny	8 17	3 20	11 29	7 13				
Hunlock's	8 22	3 31	.....	7 25				
Nanticoke	8 38	3 38	11 43	7 32				
Avondale	8 42	3 42	.....	.....				
Plymouth	8 47	3 47	11 51	7 41				
Plymouth Junction	8 51	3 52	.....	.....				
Kingston	8 53	4 00	11 59	7 52				
Bennett	9 01	4 03	.....	7 56				
Forty Fort	9 04	4 07	.....	.....				
Wyoming	9 09	4 12	12 08	8 06				
West Pittston	9 13	4 17	.....	8 11				
Susquehanna Ave	9 16	4 20	12 14	8 14				
Pittston	9 19	4 24	12 17	8 18				
Duryea	9 23	4 29	.....	8 24				
Lackawanna	9 26	4 32	.....	8 27				
Taylor	9 32	4 40	.....	8 34				
Bellevue	9 37	4 45	.....	.....				
SCRANTON	9 42	4 50	12 35	8 45				
STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON					6 45	10 05	1 55	5 55
Bellevue					6 50	.....	.....	.....
Taylor					6 55	10 15	2 03	5 59
Lackawanna					7 01	10 23	2 10	6 06
Duryea					7 13	10 26	2 13	6 09
Pittston					7 07	10 31	2 17	6 13
Susquehanna Ave					7 10	10 33	2 19	6 16
West Pittston					7 13	10 35	2 23	6 19
Wyoming					7 17	10 40	2 27	6 24
Forty Fort					.....	.....	.....	.....
Bennett					7 24	10 49	2 34	6 30
Kingston					7 30	10 54	2 40	6 35
Plymouth Junction					.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth					7 38	11 03	2 49	6 43
Avondale					7 42	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke					7 48	11 11	2 58	6 51
Hunlock's					7 51	11 17	3 03	6 56
Shickshinny					8 01	11 29	3 20	7 10
Hick's Ferry					8 12	11 43	3 30	.....
Beach Haven					8 18	11 48	3 37	17 28
Berwick					8 23	11 54	3 44	7 33
Briarcreek					8 28	.....	3 50	.....
Willow Grove					8 31	.....	3 54	.....
Lime Ridge					8 34	12 09	3 58	.....
Espy					8 39	12 15	4 06	7 52
Bloomsburg					8 44	12 22	4 12	7 57
Rupert					8 49	12 27	4 17	8 01
Catawissa					8 54	12 32	4 22	8 05
Danville					9 09	12 47	4 35	8 20
Cameron					.....	.....	4 42	.....
NORTHUMBERLAND					9 25	12 57	4 48	.....
					A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

A. C. SALISBURY, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.50 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.50 a. m., 3.36 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.50 a. m. 3.36.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.50, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.36, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.50, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.36, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.25, 5.41 8 23 p. m. Sundays, 1.25, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 7.30 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.13 a m, 5.22 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9.10 a. m 1.30 3.36, 6.08 p. m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.28, 9.18 11.4 a. m., 1.38 3.46 6.21.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

In effect May 20, 1900.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut street wharf and South Street wharf.

For ATLANTIC CITY—Weekdays.—Express, 9.00 10.45 a. m. (1.30 Saturdays only), 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00 (60 minutes), 8.40 (South St., 5.30), 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 6.15 a. m., 5.40 (South St., 5.30), 6.30 p. m. Sundays—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 6.15 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave ATLANTIC CITY, Weekdays—Express, 7.00, 7.45 (7.30 from Baltic Avenue, Saturdays only), 8.20, 9.0), 10.30 a. m., 3.30, 5.30 p. m. Accommodation, 4.20, 7.05 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays—Express, 4.30, 5.30, 8.00 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

For CAPE MAY—Weekdays—8.45, 9.15 a. m. (1.40 saturdays only), 4.10, 5.40 p. m. Sundays 8.45, 9.15 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

For OCEAN CITY—Weekdays—8.45, 9.15 a. m. (1.40 Saturdays only) 4.20, 5.30 p. m. Sundays—8.45, 9.15 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

For SEA ISLE CITY—Weekdays—9.15 a. m. (1.40 Saturdays only), 4.20, 5.40 p. m. Sundays—8.45 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

a South St., 4.00 p. m.; b South St., 5.30 p. m.; c South St., 4.15 p. m.

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Leaves NEW YORK (Liberty Street) 3.40 p. m.

Leaves ATLANTIC CITY, 8.30 a m.

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Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 28, 1900

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Scranton(E & H)lv	6 40	9 08	12 18	4 27
Paxton " "	7 08	10 00	12 42	4 52
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Wilkesbarre...lv	7 30	10 [illegible]	[illegible]	5 00
Plym'th Ferry "	7 38	11 02	1 36	5 07
Nanticoke..... "	7 46	11 10	1 55	5 15
Mocanaqua..... "	8 04	11 30	2 46	6 37
Wapwallopen.. "	8 13	11 42	3 56	6 41
Nescopeck .....ar	8 24	11 52	4 07	7 00
	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.
Pottsville.....lv	5 50		12 30	5
Hazleton ..... "	7 05		2 00	5 50
Tomhicken..... "	7 22		2 18	6 10
Fern Glen..... "	7 29		2 27	6 17
Rock Glen..... "	7 35		2 34	6 2
Nescopeck.....ar	8 00		3 00	6 [illegible]
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Nescopeck.....lv	8 24	11 52	4 07	7 00
Creasy..... "	8 33	12 02	4 16	7 05
Espy Ferry..... "	8 48	12 16	4 24	7 20
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	12 14	4 29	7 25
		P.M.		
Catawissa.....ar	8 55	12 21	4 35	7 32
Catawissa.....lv	8 55	12 21	4 35	7 32
S. Danville..... "	9 14	12 38	4 53	7 51
Sunbury..... "	9 35	1 00	5 15	8 15
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Sunbury.....lv	9 42	1 10	5 45	8 40
Lewisburg....ar	10 13	1 45	6 18	...
Milton..... "	10 08	1 39	6 14	9 04
Williamsport.. "	11 00	2 30	7 10	9 50
Cock Haven... "	11 59	3 40	8 07	.....
Renovo..... "	A.M.	4 40	9 00	.....
Sinnemahoning "	.....	8 20	.....	.....
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Cock Haven...lv	12 10	3 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte.....ar	1 05	4 44	.....	.....
Tyrone..... "	2 15	6 00	.....	.....
Philipsburg.... "	4 23	8 26	.....	.....
Clearfield ..... "	5 07	9 09	.....	.....
Pittsburg ..... "	6 55	11 30	.....	.....
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Sunbury.....lv	9 50	1 55	5 25	8 31
Harrisburg....ar	11 30	3 15	6 55	10 10
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Philadelphia .ar	3 17	6 3	10 20	1 25
Baltimore..... "	3 11	6 0	9 40	2 30
Washington.. "	4 10	7 5	10 55	4 05
	A.M.	P.M.		
Sunbury lv	10 57	2 43	.....	.....
	P.M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	11 40	3 50	.....	.....
Pittsburg..... "	6 55	11 30	.....	.....
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Harrisburg.... lv	11 45	3 45	7 20	10 20
			A.M.	A.M.
Pittsburg.....ar	6 55	11 30	1 50	5 30

‡ Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station

	P.M.	p.m	a.m.	a.m
Pittsburg.....lv	7 10	8 30	2 50	8 00
Harrisburg.....ar	1 05	3 45	9 10	3 10
		a.m.	p.m.	a.m,
Pittsburg.....lv	.....	.....	.....	8 00
				P.M.
Lewistown Jc."	.....	7 20	3 40	3 10
Sunbury... ar	.....	9 20	5 05	5 05
	p. m.	A.M.	A.M.	a.m
Washington....lv	10 40	.....	7 45	10 50
Baltimore..... "	11 41	4 50	8 45	11 45
Philadelphia... "	11 20	4 25	8 40	12 2
	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Harrisburg.....lv	3 35	7 55	11 40	4 00
Sunbury.....ar	5 05	9 30	1 10	5 40
	P.M.		A.M.	A.M
Pittsburg.....lv	12 45	.....	2 50	8 00
Clearfield ..... "	4 09	.....	.....	9 38
Philipsburg.... "	4 56	.....	.....	10 12
Tyrone..... "	7 15	.....	8 10	12 30
Bellefonte..... "	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
Lock Haven...ar	9 30	.....	10 30	2 48
	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Erie..... lv	4 30	.....	.....	.....
Kane..... "	7 55	.....	6 00	.....
Renovo..... "	11 15	6 40	10 30	.....
Lock Haven... "	12 03	7 33	11 25	3 06
	A.M.		P.M.	
Williamsport.. "	1 05	8 30	12 40	4 06
Milton..... "	1 56	9 19	1 27	4 52
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 05	1 15	4 47
Sunbury... .....ar	2 27	9 46	1 55	5 20
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M
Sunbury.....lv	6 50	9 55	2 00	5 48
S. Danville..... "	7 13	10 17	2 21	6 09
Catawissa..... "	7 31	10 35	2 36	6 27
E. Bloomsburg"	7 39	10 43	2 43	6 32
Espy Ferry..... "	7 43	10 47		6 36
Creasy..... "	7 53	10 56	2 55	6 46
Nescopeck ... ar	8 03	11 06	3 05	6 55
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M
Nescopeck.....lv	7 38	11 05	14 10	7 05
Catawissa.....	8 26	12 21	4 36	7 31
Rock Glen..... ar	8 33	12 27	4 42	7 37
Fern Glen..... "	8 42	12 35	4 51	7 45
Tomhicken..... "	9 02	12 55	5 12	8 05
Hazleton ..... "	11 30	2 08	6 30	9 05
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M
Nescopeck lv	8 03	11 05	3 05	6 55
Wapwallopen.ar	8 18	11 20	3 19	7 09
Mocanaqua..... "	8 28	11 32	3 29	7 21
Nanticoke ..... "	8 48	11 54	3 48	7 42
		P.M.		
Plym'th Ferry "		12 02	3 57	7 52
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 05	12 10	4 05	8 00
	A.M	P.M.	P.M.	P.M
Pittston(E & H) ar	9 39	12 49	4 52	8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 18	5 20	9 05

Additional train will leave Hazleton 5.15 p.m., Rock Glen, 5.50 p. m., arriving at Catawissa 6.25 p. m.

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

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THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1900.

It was probably an oversight on the part of the writer of the resolutions adopted by the Democratic Convention on Tuesday, not to include W. A. Evert in the vote of thanks given Chairman Small and Secretary Kshinka. There were two secretaries of the county committee, and Mr. Evert did his full share of the work in a very satisfactory manner, In justice to him he should have been included in the resolution.

Probably the most disappointed candidate at the convention on Tuesday, was Adam Sult. He was aspiring for the office of Jury Commissioner, and his election was generally conceded, even by his opponent, David Shultz. The returns as read at the first session of the convention, gave Sult a small but comfortable majority. In the afternoon, however, things were different. The vote was added up and Shultz was found to be the winner.

It appears to be the general opinion that the removal of the time limit on pastorates by the Methodist Episcopal Church will mean quite a change in the methods prevaling among Methodist cungregations throughout the country. Heretofore a minister could remain pastor of one charge for only five years at the maximum, at the expiration of which period he would receive an assignment to another church. Now with the power in the hands of quarterly conferences, it will be possible for a minister to serve one congregation for an indefinite length of time, which it is believed will result in better work and closer relationship.

Our Poorly Paid and Overworked Officials.

The Republican officials on the hill at Harrisburg are very much overworked. During the past six months Governor Stone, receiving a salary of $10,000, was present 97 days and absent 53.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Griest, receiving in salary and fees $22,500, was present 53 days and absent 67.

Attorney General Elkins, receiving in salary and fees $12,000, was present 90 and absent 60.

Secretary of Internal Affairs Latta receiving salary and fees $5,200, was present 38 and absent 112.

Adjutant General Stewart, receiving in salary and fees $4,600, was present 77 and absent 73.

Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds Eyre, receiving in salary and fees $3,000, was present 37 days and absent 113.

Banking Commissioner Powers, receiving in salary and fees $6,000, was present 36 days and absent 113.

Insurance Commissioner Irael W. Durham, receiving in salary and fees $15,000, was present 3 days and absent 147.

When a conscientious Republican reads this record and considers how faithful and attentive to duty these Republican officials are, it will probably make him feel proud that he is a Republican.—*North American.*

COMMISSIONERS MUST ACT.

Proceedings to be Brought Against Those Refusing to Ferret Timber Burners.

State Forestry Commissioner Rothrock has decided to begin proceedings against all county commissioners who refuse to comply with his request to appoint detectives to ferret out and prosecute those guilty of causing the burning of timber lands. Deputy Attorney General Elkin advises Dr. Rothrock that the commissioners who disregard his request are guilty of a misdemeanor and that it is the duty of the district attorney to prosecute the offending officials upon information furnished by the forestry commissioner, or his agents.

"In view of the importance of this question," says Mr. Fleetz, in an opinion on this subject to Dr. Rothrock, "and the wisdom the legislature has exercised in passing these various acts to afford a complete system for the detection and punishment of all persons, who in any way set fire to the timber lands of the state, I again advise you that it is your duty to proceed vigorously in all cases that the destruction of the forests by fires may be effectually stopped."

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, June 11, 1900.

The democrats could not make the republican majority in Congress remain in session and transact the business which they were elected to transact, but they could, and did, thoroughly expose the hypocrisy of the republican treatment of such important matters as the Nicaragua Canal bill, the trust question and the reduction of war taxes before adjournment, and they did more In the debate on the armor plate clause of the Naval appropriation bill, the democratic Senators made their fight on the armor trust so hot that Senators Hanna and Elkins actually championed that trust on the floor of the Senate, thus furnishing conclusive proof that the administration and the republicans in Congress were favorable to trusts in general, and to that trust especially. Instead of openly voting to pay the armor trust the price it demands for armor plate, the republican majority "whipped the devil around the stump" by authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to purchase the armor that will be needed during the coming fiscal year, if he can do so at what he considers a "reasonable" price; otherwise to establish a government armor plant. It is dollars to broomstraws that the Secretary of the Navy will consider the trust price for armor "reasonable" and that he will not use the authority conferred upon him, to establish a government plant and bread the grasping monopoly. If Boss Hanna had not been bertain of that he would not have allowed the authority to be given him. Anyway, it was cowardly for the majority in Congress to shift the responsibility for favoring this trust from themselves to Secretary Long.

***

A fight between the Coast Survey, a civil bureau, and the Hydrograhic bureau of the Navy Department, over an appropriation in the Naval bill lengthened the session one day.

***

Senator Pettigrew stirred up the republicans by delving into political history. He charged, on the authority of Mr. Cramp himself, that Mr. Cramp contributed $400,000 to the republican campaign fund of 1892, with the express understanding that he was to be repaid with profitable contracts to build ships. When Senator Carter, who was chairman of the Republican National Committee which handled the campaign funds of that year, denied that any such agreement had been made with Mr. Cramp—mind you, not that Mr. Cramp had contributed the money—Mr. Pettigrew stated that he had a conversation with Senator Carter, repeating to him what Mr. Cramp had said, and that Carter had replied laughingly, "I guess, we did hit the old-man pretty hard." Mr. Pettigrew also gave Boss Hanna a few swipes that even his thick hide could not keep from hurting, reading extracts from the memorial presented to the Senate charging Hanna with having bribed his way into the Senate, dwelling with emphasis upon the charge that Representative Dick, now Secretary of the Republican National Committee, and Maj. Rathbone recently suspended as director of posts in Cuba, were Hanna's agents in carrying out the bribery. Mr. Pettigrew added as his own comment: "We see now in what school this man Rathbone was educated." Mr. Hanna's reply consisted largely of calling Mr. Pettigrew a traitor to the republican party, which was not very convincing.

***

Representative Cummings, of New York, roused the democrats of the House to enthusiasm by reading a letter from Col. Bryan, denying that he had ever said that he favored an anti-trust Constitutional amendment or believed one to be necessary, unless the Supreme Court should hold that Congressional legislation against trusts was unconstitutional, and adding that the republican party has shown in this Congress that it does not wish to destroy trusts, by supporting a proposition to give the National Banks control of the currency, and thus create a paper money trust.

***

The Senate by a vote of 43 to 23 carried out the republican programme of hanging up the anti-trust bill passed by the House, by referring to the Senate Judiciary Committee.

***

The Senate by a vote of 33 to 33 rejected the nomination of ex-Congressman Bynum, of Ind., to be Gen. Appraiser at the port of New York, an $8,000 position, which the law says shall be filled by a democrat, and which was given to Mr. Bynum as a reward for work done for Mr. McKinley in '96. Mr. Bynum called himself a gold democrat. but the democratic Senators contend that he was not a democrat and there were enough republicans who agreed with them to defeat the nomination.

***

Senator Pettigrew said of the two labor billls passed by the House resently, and the language is equally applicable to the bill ordered favorably reported by the House Judiciary Committee, limiting the meaning of the word "conspiracy" and the use of restraining orders and injunctions in labor troubles: "Were these bills passed by the other House with the intention that they should become laws? Oh, no, Mr. President, they seem to have been passed by the other House for the purpose of holding them over labor during the coming summer, with the promise that their political course and conduct shall affect the legislation on these subjects next winter."

***

The Senate Committee on the Pacific Islands and Porto Rico, of which Senator Foraker is Chairman, was provided with a free trip to Porto Rico, at public expense, by a resolution adopted by the Senate. The alleged purpose of the junket is to investigate existing conditions.

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FIGHT TO A FINISH.

Pacific Negotiations In St. Louis Strike at an End.

Both Strikers and Employers Firm In Their Positions.

Inquest In Case of Sunday's Riot Victims—Attorney Says Shooting Unjustifiable.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—All negotiations looking to a settlement of the street railway strike are off, and the officers of the Transit company do not expect any further attempt to reopen negotiations to end the trouble. The street car men are as firm in their attitude as ever. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is expected here this week, and his coming is looked upon in labor circles as a sure sign that the fight against the Transit company will be pushed to the limit.

Sheriff Pohlman and Chief of Police Campbell today expressed the opinion that there will be no more rioting. They are confident that their combined forces will be able to prevent any further lawlessness.

Chief Campbell says: "I am now of the opinion that the worst is over and that there is no need of calling out the state militia. The shooting of those men on Sunday has given those inclined to rioting to understand what they are to expect and, I believe, will result in greatly relieving the situation.

"We have withdrawn the police from several of the lines and so will continue as fast as we consider it safe. There may be some trouble at night in the extreme southern and northern portions of the city, but the police and posse men will be able to cope with it."

The service has been extended to a number of lines at night.

THE POSSE COMITATUS.

Sheriff Pohlman's posse has almost reached the number, 2,500, asked for by the police board.

The strict enforcement of law that has marked the service of the different companies of deputies has brought them into disfavor with strike sympathizers in various parts of the city. The deputies are made to suffer the inconveniences of a systematic boycott in many localities. They are unable to buy anything to eat or drink. The sheriff has made preparations to feed his men at their respective stations. Henry G. Brown, a stationary engineer who was sworn in a member of the posse, says the neighbors have looked upon him as an enemy of the laboring man and have not given his family a moment's rest. He has been given a leave of absence to return home with his gun and protect his family.

An inquest over the bodies of Edward Thomas and George Rine, victims of Sunday's riot at Washington avenue and Sixth street, began today.

Before the inquest began the official report of Police Captain Kieley of the Fourth district on Sunday's shooting was received by the coroner. This report stated that the man who shot Edward Thomas was Deputy Gordon McKnight. It set forth that Thomas was about to shoot Adjutant G. B. Webster with a revolver when killed by McKnight.

After Coroner Lloyd swore in the jury Attorney Maurier, for the strikers, said he would endeavor to bring out evidence showing that the shooting was not done by the deputies in the performance of their duty under the law and therefore was not justifiable.

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE!

—FOR—

STYLISH GARMENTS,

READY TO WEAR,

—OR—

Made to Your Measure,

—GO TO—

TOWNSEND'S.

All the latest novelties for spring wear, in hats, caps, shirts, underwear and neckwear, can always be found at

Townsend's Star Clothing House.

The Poultry Doctor.

If you are interested in Poultry, by all means send 25 cents in Postage Stamps to the Associated Fanciers, 400 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Penna., for their new book, on the diseases of poultry. Although comparatively small, it is so concise, terse and lucid as to be of great value to the fancier and the breeder of poultry. It shows how to manage and rear fowls, how to detect their different ailments, and how to treat them by either allopathic or homœopathic remedies. It is from the pen of Mr. John E. Diehl, the well known American Poultry Association Judge, one of the highest authorities on poultry.

PANAMA REVOLUTION

Conflicting Reports Regarding the Trouble In Colombia.

REBELS WELL ARMED AND ORGANIZED

Colombian Charge at Washington Confident That Rebellion Will Be Put Down—Neighbors Said to Be Aiding the Rebels.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Although there is much conflict as to the status of the revolution in Colombia, all advices agree that armies aggregating 25,000 men have been facing each other with sanguinary results. The Colombian charge here, Dr. Luis Curvo-Marquez, said that the official information coming from the Colombian capital showed that the revolutionists had been forced back to the Venezuelan frontier and that contrary advices received by the navy department here referred to local conditions around Panama unconnected with the main theater of war.

He says the government has an army of 70,000 men at various points and that the main body of about 15,000 men has borne the brunt of recent engagements. They are armed with Mauser rifles, with Remington smokeless powder and have Maxim rapid fire guns and heavier field guns of the Creusote make. The revolutionists also have Mausers and Maxims. The revolutionists also have a gunboat and another vessel used for transport and fighting purposes. The government has four gunboats, three on the Atlantic and one on the Pacific.

The revolutionists are well organized, not only in the field, but abroad, with influential friends here. According to their side of the case, as stated by one of their adherents, the conflicting claims to success are due largely to negotiations recently carried on as to the Panama canal. Desirous of securing additional war funds, the government proposed an extension of the canal concession, whereupon the revolutionist agents abroad gave notice that if the war funds were advanced the extension would not be recognized in case of the success of the revolution.

Dr. Curvo-Marquez says as to this, however, that his government would not resort to a falsification of war news in order to advance its financial condition, and as an evidence of the reliability of the government claims he points out that the dispatches come from his brother, who is minister of foreign affairs at Bogota, and are to a certain extent personal and nonpolitical. He expresses every confidence that the government will maintain its control of affairs.

In official quarters it is stated that some of the countries adjacent to Colombia, notably Venezuela, Ecuador and Nicaragua, are lending assistance to the revolution and that its effect may be more farreaching on this account.

Don't Stop

taking Scott's Emulsion because it's warm weather. Keep taking it until you are cured.

It will heal your lungs and give you rich blood in summer as in winter. It's cod liver oil made easy.

50c. and $1. All druggists.

Special Offer for June.

It is the policy of this store to reduce the stock at this time of the year. We consider the time for profits on this season's merchandise as passed. Even cost will not stand in the way where lots are large and it is deemed advisable to move them quickly. This big reduction serves a two-fold purpose. "It clears the deck" for fall supplies, and gives to the trading public the one great chance of the year to stock up on many needed things at price, in many cases, less than the bare cost of production.

WOOL DRESS GOODS.

You will need them for separate skirts during the warm weather.

35c all wool suitings, reduced to 19c.

50c novelty dress goods, reduced to 33c.

90c fine all wool dress goods, reduced to 58c.

50c all wool plaids, reduced to 29c.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

This is a chance to make yourself comfortable through the warm weather. Our 8 and 10c lawns and dimities reduced to 6½c. 15 and 16c lawns reduced to 12½c. 10c ginghams reduced to 7c. 36 in. Madras ginghams, that sold from 15 to 22c, reduced to 12½c. A lot of fine imported organdies, 25c quality, reduced to 11c.

MUSLIN.

A lot of unbleached muslins, in remnants, is why we sell them at 6c a yard. It is the same grade as Appleton A muslin—just as good.

ETON SUITS.

Our $12 50 Eton suit, made in the newest style, at $8 50.

SHIRT WAISTS.

This is something every lady needs to be comfortable. We have enough to supplyyou, and at prices that all can buy. A lot of regular $1 00 waists reduced to 50c. A $1 25 waist at 87½c, and $1 25 waist reduced to $1.

BOYS' AND MISSES' HOSE.

These hose we have never sold for less than 12½c. Will go for the next 10 days at 10c.

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

This is the season for these goods, and our stock is full, and at prices you can buy the goods to make them.

Night robe plain muslin, 29c.

Night robe hemstitched and tucked yoke, 42c.

Ladies' drawers, 19c.

Wheat has advanced, but we still sell our Lily Patent at 90c for 50 lbs.

F. P. PURSEL.

Our New Spring Values.

We have just received, for the spring trade, the very latest styles in Dress Goods, Waist Silks, Trimmings, Ribbons, Laces. In fact, all the latest style Dress Goods and Fancy Notions in the market.

LADIES' SPRING SUITS.—Ladies' and Misses' Spring Jackets. Latest styles, right prices.

SHOES! SHOES!—Great values, nobby styles, small prices. Our sales on shoes still increase. We are up to date at all times in this department.

SHIRT WAISTS AND SEPARATE SKIRTS.—It will pay you to see the styles and learn prices.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.—We keep a complete line.

Have you seen our great sewing machine? We are handling one of the best on the market. Up to date in every respect and price lowest. If you expect to buy, it will pay you to see our make of machine and learn our prices.

IN OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT.—We are at the front in fine groceries, fancy Chinaware. In dinner and chamber sets our sales are increasing every day.

You will find it will always pay to trade with us. Our aim has ever been to give you latest styles and best prices.

Bloomsburg Store Co., Limited.

Corner Main and Centre. ALFRED McFFNRY, Mgr.

THE

'FRANKLIN' SHOE

FITS THE FOOT.

Men's, - $2.00
Boys' - - 1.50
Youths', - - 1.50
Little Gents', 1.25

Good Style, Good Fit, Good Wearers

W. C. McKINNEY,

No. 8 East Main St.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1900.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

PURELY PERSONAL

Barton Bisel spent Monday and Tuesday with friends at Wilkes-Barre.

Mrs. I. S. Kuhn is visiting her daughter Mrs. Dr. Kirby at Mauch Chunk.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Lutz went to Haverford College on Tuesday to see their son Frank graduate.

Miss Martha Clark expects to go to Adams, Mass., next week to visit the family of Rev. Dr. L. Zahner.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Barkley are in Troy, New York. Their absence from home will be quite extended.

Harry S. Poust of Scranton, was in town the latter part of the week. He was at one time ticket agent at the D. L. & W. station at this place

Prof. F. H. Jenkins intends taking a New England trip next week, and will be present at commencement at his alma mater, Amherst College, Mass.

Stanley Little, of Towanda, W. Ernest Little, of Tunkhannock; and J. A. Opp of Plymouth attended the funeral of the late E. H. Little on Monday.

Miss Martha Moyer, Mrs. F. P. Pursel, Miss Martha McKinney, Mrs. Dr. W. M. Reber, E. M. Savidge, and Fred Allen are attending the commencement exercises at State College.

Miss Clara Roys, sister of our townsman J. E. Roys, is making a general tour of Europe with a party of ten ladies. She was in Italy when last heard from. She will see the Paris Exposition and will spend several weeks in London with an uncle before her return home. The party left this country in April.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs Hemingway will leave tomorrow for New York, and will sail for Europe on Saturday. They will be about ten days on the water. Dr. Hemingway will attend the Christian Endeavor Convention in London, and the balance of the time will be passed in visiting relatives. We wish them a safe journey. They will be absent two mohths.

Legal advertisements on pages 6 and 7.

Leases and notices to quit, for sale at this office. tf.

A. C. Camp has been appointed postmaster at Rupp, Locust township.

New Columbus has a new government official. It is now postmaster C. F. Bowman.

Dr. Purman, whose life has been despaired of for several weeks, is now reported to be on a fair way to recovery.

We carry by far the largest line of bicycle tires and bicycle sundries and bicycles in Bloomsburg, and we will treat you right, at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

The Christian Endeavors of Bloomsburg will hold an ice cream and strawberry festival in the Moyer building, three doors below the Postoffice, Friday evening of this week.

BICYCLES!

Cleveland, -	$40 to $75
Wolff-American, -	35 to 75
Reading, - -	25 to 40
Niagara, - - -	25
Wolverine, - -	25

Call and see samples.
Second hand wheels for sale.

LARGE LINE OF

BICYCLE SUNDRIES!

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Easy terms to buyers.

W. S. Rishton, Ph. G.

Ent Building. Pharmacist

Telephone.]

A young daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Dietterick.

The post office at Buckhorn was entered by burglars early Monday morning, and robbed of about two dollars.

Margaret Eves, of Millville, was last week elected principal of Girard avenue Friends' School, in Philadelphia.

Harry Shoemaker had one of his thumbs cut off by a stringer in the wood department of the Bloomsburg Car Shop Monday.

Erastus Fowler, a resident of the Fourth Ward, aged about forty-five years, died suddenly from heart disease, last evening.

Shamokin would like to join the the National Guard of the State. The formation of a military company there is now underway.

Your best friend can give you no better advice than this: "For impure blood, bad stomach and weak nerves take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

You can get your bike repaired in good style, and the workmanship is guaranteed, at the Bloomsburg Cycle Works, Iron street, rear of Moore's shoe store.

William Pierce has resigned his position at East Bloomsburg station, to accept a similar position with the same company, at Glen Lyon. The position here has been secured by Mr. Johnson.

Many Bloomsburgers are making arrangements to attend the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia next week. This significant gathering of politicians will be quite an interesting spectacle.

The address at the Mens' Meeting in the Y. M. C. A. building next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 will be given by Rev. M. E. McLinn. Subject, "An Exalted Nation." Dont fail to hear it. All men are cordially invited.

Mrs. Straup, of Greenwood, seems to be specially unfortunate. Not a great while ago she lost nearly all of her possessions by fire, and now it is reported that she fell down stairs a few days ago and was severely injured, although no bones were broken.—*Tablet.*

Samples of the baking powder used by Mrs. Frank Whitmeyer, of Soreno, in making a chocolate cake which was supposed to have caused the poisoning of herself and family as reported in the papers some weeks ago, has been analyzed by a chemist of Phiiadelphia. It was found to contain alum.

The Winona Fire Company fell an easy victim to the Normal base ballists Saturday. The game was so one sided that a greater part of the audience left before its completion. Score 16 to 4. Savidge, a product of Mifflin township, this county, pitched a good game for the firemen, but with the yellow support accorded him, victory was impossible.

The notes and securities, amounting to $4981, recently stolen from Nuss' mill, Mainville, were found the week following the robbery concealed in a tie pile along the Pennsylvania R. R. near the mill. The identity of the burglars is about established to the satisfaction of Mr. Nuss. They are residents of Mainville and trouble is in store for them. —Catawissa *News Item.*

"Farm Journal" is the oldest farm monthly published. But it is not old and moss grown: it is brisling and brimming over with good things. You should know it. Here's a chance. Pay up your subscription to the COLUMBIAN one year ahead, and we will send it nearly five years, the remainder of 1900, and all of 1901, 1902, 1903 and 1904; both papers at the price of one.

Dillon's flower sale, at the Tabernacle, yesterday, was largely attended. It was quite a novelty, and afforded a rare chance to obtain pretty plants at low prices.

John Splain was before Justice Jacoby this morning on a charge of assault and battery upon W. E. Dieterick, a policeman, on the evening of June 2nd. We understand that the case has been amicably settled.

A wedding in which preacher, bridesmaids, a feast and flowers were not concomitant features, took place in the parlor of the jail Friday last. The groom, James Steel and the bride Miss Anna M. Carl. The ceremony was performed by Justice Guy Jacoby and was witnessed by the employes of the institution.

The sale of lots at what has been christened "Keystone Park," in south western part of town by the New England Suburban Improvement Company, on Saturday afternoon, was quite successful. Twenty lots were disposed of at an average price of seventy one dollars per lot. Another sale was held yesterday afternoon, and several more lots sold.

Who says so? "Farm Journal" says so, and if the "Farm Journal" says so, it is so. You must have it; so march up and pay for the COLUMBIAN a year ahead. We have a clubbing arrangement by which we can send our paper and the "Farm Journal" for nearly five years, the balance of 1900, and all of 1901, 1902, 1903 and 1904, at the price of our paper alone. Pay up and be happy.

There are not many landlords who close their bars at times when the law does not require it, but C. B. Ent, proprietor of Hotel Ent, is an exception. On Memorial Day his bar was closed all day. He believes that Memorial Day should be observed as a day for commemoration of the heroes who gave their lives for their country, and not as a general holiday given over to all sorts of festivities, and he is right about it. He has set an example worthy to be followed.

Do you want a cheap bicycle? If so, go to Mercer's Drug & Book Store. You can get a fairly good wheel for a small amount of money. We have second-hand wheels as follows: One Reading Reliable $8.50; one Record, $7.50; one Columbia, $13.50; one Crescent, $12.00; one no name, $9.00; one ladies' Ben Hur pattern, $12.00; one ladies' Commercial, new tires, $13.00; one Crescent Tandem, $24.00; one Norwood Tandem, as good as any $65.00 tandem on the market, at $37.50.

The entire set of outbuildings on the property of Eri Ikeler in Mt. Pleasant township consisting of a large barn and two sheds, was totally consumed by fire early Tuesday morning. It was at first believed that the barn had been struck by lightning, but when it was considered that fully five hours had elapsed after the cessation of the electrical storm before the fire broke out, Mr. Ikeler concluded that it was the work of an incendiary. The contents consisted of hay, grain and straw. Three good sized shoats were also burned. The insurance is insufficient to cover the loss.

William Raup of Lightstreet was arrested on a charge of assault preferred by Conrad Kelchner Tuesday. It appears Kelchner in performing his duty as mail carrier from the B. & S. depot to the Light Street post office has been in the habit of riding his bicycle over the pavement in front of Raup's property. He was warned several times, but did not heed. His persistence finally angered Raup to such an extent that he knocked him off of his wheel. Raup was arraigned before 'Squire Jacoby, but waived a hearing and gave bail for his appearance at court. It is the intention to test the law in regard to riding bicycles on pavements.

Mrs. Harry Williams.

Mrs. Eliza, wife of Harry Williams died at her home on East Third Street this town, early Saturday evening, after an illness of only a few weeks. Mrs. Williams was born in Rodbury, Glostershire, England, March 4, 1835, and was therefore sixty-five years of age. She emigrated to America in 1857 and about one year later came to Bloomsburg and has been a continuous resident here ever since. Mrs. Williams manifested a deep interest in spiritual affairs and took an active part in all the work of the M. E. Church, of which she was a member. The surviving members of the family are a husband and five children.

The funeral took place from the house yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. W. N. Frysinger, and interment was made in Rosemont Cemetery.

Brigade Notes.

Saturday last, 9th, was a busy day for the boys—the drum corps was engaged to play for the New England Surburban Improvement Co., in the afternoon and the officers and "Brigade Auxiliary" had a busy time of it at the lawn festival in the evening—all the good things, berries, cream, &c., were sold. There is a probability of making the "Girls' Auxiliary" a permanent part of the Brigade, with suitable cap and badge. Recruits for the ranks of the brigade will be examined at headquarters anytime. New requirements: Age twelve (12) to eighteen (18) years; height, 5 feet; Health, good; consent of parents; must take Brigade pledge.

The attention of parents having boys who are eligible, is called to the Brigade and its excellent objects and work.

The Annual Encampment is the next thing for the boys to look forward to with pleasure. Eight additional army wall tents have been bought for the coming camp, so that ample room will be provided for all who go. Orders from headquarters will be issued to the boys in due time for them to get ready their camp chests, &c.

McLinn, musician, lately visited Hazleton Brigade and reports the company A—1 in matters of drill and discipline.

Shamokin Brigade are just getting their new uniforms. Our Brigade ball nine will go over to play the return game with them some time during the Summer.

A Convention Souvenir.

Remarkable Gift in Connection with the Great Republican National Convention.

While it is known by everybody that McKinley will be renominated by the Republican National Convention to be held in Philadelphia during the week of the 19th, interest is no less high on that account. It is admitted that the convention will be among the greatest in history on account of the importance of its results. Every one will therefore be anxious for a souvenir of the gathering. Appreciating this the great "Philadelphia Sunday Press" has arranged to give free with every copy next Sunday (June 17) a novel and attractive convention souvenir. On a ground 10½ by 28 inches is printed a handsome picture of the convention hall, and in the panels appear the force of the leading Republicans who will be prominent in the work of the convention. Both, as a work of art and on account of its historic value, this picture is certain to be eagerly sought for and highly prized. If you want it you had better order next Sunday's "Press" to-day.

McKinley's Latest Portrait.

A handsome lithographed portrait of President McKinley is a most desirable picture to possess, especially at this time. We are on the eve of the greatest Republican national convention in the history of our country. It will be held in our own Philadelphia, the cradle of national liberty and the stronghold of Republicans. McKinley is sure to be nominated for a second term. You can secure a beautiful portrait of President McKinley absolutely free with the "Sunday Times" of June 17. The picture is lithographed in perfect colors, each as soft and natural as the tint of flesh itself. The portrait is one of the finest in faithfulness—finest in execution—finest in finish—in fact, the finest portrait of President McKinley ever issued.

The "Sunday Times" of the same date will contain many unique convention features of historical and current interest, handsomely illustrated; also sheet music. You will be pleased with yourself if you secure a copy of the "Sunday Times" of June 17. 1t

The Supreme court has again rendered a decision that dangerous parts of roads must be supplied with guard rails, in the absence of which townships and road companies will be held responsible for damages if accidents happen.

HAVING PURCHASED THE

Hardware : Store

—OF—

S. F. Peacock & Co.

Offer Following Bargains:

Window Screens,

8c. to 40c., to clean them up.

Screen Doors,

hinges, knobs and hooks, complete, 75c.

Lawn Mowers,

Closing out at cost.

Cherry stoners, 30c. apiece.

Making a special inducement on forks, rakes, shovels, &c.

Ice cream freezers, at $1.25 to $4.00.

—o—

J. G. WELLS,

Successor to S. F. Peacock & Co., Market Square.

CLARKS'

Store Talk.

JUNE 15TH.

TRIMMED HATS.

A large assortment of ladies' trimmed hats, in newest shapes. All city trimmed, and at prices to please you and save you money. Trimmed hats at $1 68, $1 78, $1 98. Sailor hats, at 22, 29, 45, 70c. A special rough satin straw sailor hat at 50c. Children's sailors, 25 and 45c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

A new collection of these goods. Well made, cut full. Made in clean and healthful work rooms.

Drawers, 25, 32, 50, 68 and 70c. Night dresses, 50, 68, 75 and 80c. Corset covers, 25, 50, 75, 85c, $1 25. Skirts, $1 00, 1 25, 1 50, 1 85. Short skirts, 75c, $1 00, 1 15.

UMBRELLAS.

A special lot of umbrellas go on sale this week. You should see them.

WHITE DRESS GOODS.

Anything you want, and at prices to compete with any.

French sheer linens, 45c yd
Paris muslins, 37, 50, 60c.
18 in. organdies, 50, 70, 80c.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

You will find a full collection of the newest styles, fresh from the mills, and at moderate prices.

Mercerized dimity, 15c yd.
Denims, 12½ and 16c yd.
Japonets, 15c yd.
A lot of organdies, 10c yd, while they last.

CORSETS, &c.

Try our new summer corset, 50c.

The fine summer batiste, $1 00. All the regular makes and styles.

A full line of bustles, bust forms, supporters, &c.

FANCY HOSIERY, FOR WOMEN AND MEN.

A large shipment of these popular goods have been placed on sale.

Men's fancy hose, 12½, 15 and 25c.
Ladies' fancy hose, 15, 17, 25 and 50c.
Ladies' black lace hose at 25 and 50c pair.

VELVET RIBBONS.

In all the widths are here, either with or without satin backs. Polka dot velvet ribbons, silk ribbons of all kinds.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

SWELL OXFORDS.

No shoe ever made has the style and beauty of the

"QUEEN QUALITY"

PATENT KID OXFORD.

It makes any foot look attractive and a pretty foot all the prettier. It is delightfully easy and gives excellent service. Other styles for all-'round wear, golfing, wheeling. For all uses, all occasions.

Queen Quality OXFORDS

Light and Graceful.

$2.50

F. D. DENTLER

SOLE AGENT,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

A BEAUTIFUL BRIDE

Creates as universal admiration as the bloom of June roses. If you are in a quandary as to what to give her for a wedding present, look at the beautiful display of Cut Glass, in most exquisite designs, Clocks, China and rich Silverware, that is sure to be appreciated, coming from our superb and reliable stock. A special midsummer inducement is offered in Silverware now.

GEO. W. HESS,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER,

6 E. Main St. Bloomsburg, Pa.

Wedding Gifts.

Intending purchasers of wedding gifts should bear in mind the fact that the Gorham Sterling Silver and Dorflinger Cut Glass are the most important houses in their line.

The Gorham reputation is due largely to its ability to produce constantly the choicest specimens in sterling silver at reasonable prices.

Dorflinger's reputation is due largely to the highly polished and clear cut and producing new and attractive designs.

Bric-a-Brac, Imported Wares Only.

Artistic designs in Japanese wares Cloisoniere vases, pot pourri jars, inkwells, etc., in beautiful designs. Call and examine my line.

J. LEE MARTIN

JEWELER AND REFRACTING OPTICIAN,

45 WEST MAIN STREET, - - - BLOOMSBURG, PA

First-class watch and jewelry repairing.

THE PRODIGY'S POLITENESS.

He Spelled the Word So the Preacher Wouldn't Understand What He Called Him.

A Baptist church on the East side includes among its membership a devout family consisting of father, mother and a precocious cherub of six, says the Kansas City Star. The pastor has the usual weakness for chickens, and so has the cherub. In the early part of the week the pastor was invited to dine. The pride of the family had been properly coached for the event, and more attention than usual had been paid to his spelling. He had mastered any number of words of three letters, but it was still safe for mother and father to spell out the words of two or more syllables which they did not wish him to understand.

It was: "When you go down town purchase some c-a-n-d-y," from mother, and father was always saying: "Get some b-a-n-a-n-a-s this morning." The pride of the household had learned that whenever you want to use a word in anyone's presence that you do not wish him to understand it ought to be spelled out.

There was chicken for dinner when the pastor came to dine, and he showed his appreciation by requesting two helpings. Only one piece remained, and the cherub in the family had not been satisfied. It was the father who said:

"Mr. ——, let me give you another piece of chicken."

The pastor, with a show of reluctance, passed his plate, and the pride of the family addressed his mother: "Mamma, don't you think the preacher is a p-i-g?"

KING OF FOX HUNTERS.

One of His Greatest Rides Made When He Was Thirty-One Years of Age.

A fox hunter at 83 years of age—a fox hunter for more than three score years and ten—Brisbin Skiles has, indeed, well earned the right to the title "the king of fox hunters," says the Philadelphia Times. He loves the chase to-day as much as he did 73 years ago, when as a boy of ten he followed hounds and fox in his first hunt. He has probably participated in more fox chases than any living man in America.

"The king of fox hunters" lives at Rap, Lancaster county, not a great distance from the Berks county line. One of his most remarkable rides was made when he was 81 years of age. There were 60 hounds and 30 riders in the hunt. When liberated the fox took a course to the northward for four miles, then doubled to southward for five miles, then westward, giving hounds, horses and riders a chase of nearly 17 miles before he was captured.

Over fence, hedge and ditch the old man, on his fine hunter, kept at the heels of the hounds, and was up with the quarry when seized by the first dog. The hunters participating were unanimous in declaring it one of the greatest rides in the history of Pennsylvania fox chasing, independent of the age of the man who was first "in at the death."

OIL FOR TROUBLED WHISKY.

A Simple Expedient by Means of Which a Hard Drinker Kept Sober.

It was after the fourth round of Scotch and soda and the little group in the cafe seemed to be feeling what they had taken all but one little man with a decided English accent. Excusing himself for a moment he walked across the room and, pulling a small vial from his waistcoat pocket, took a swallow of a yellowish fluid. But he act had been noticed by his more boisterous companions and they demanded to know what his game was, says the Philadelphia Record.

"No, it's not poison," laughingly replied the Englishman as he displayed the vial. "I'm not ready to go just yet. It is olive oil and when I get mixed up with a crowd like this I always have recourse to it. After I have had about four or five drinks coming rather rapidly on top of each other I take a swallow of oil. It seems to have a most remarkable effect upon the liquor, the same effect that oil has when poured upon troubled waters. When I adopt this treatment I am sure never to become befuddled, and I can truthfully say that I have never been drunk in my life, although I have often taken more than enough to make me so."

AN OFFICER'S BAGGAGE.

Articles That Are Allowed a Cavalry Officer on Duty at the Front.

In the war in South Africa a British mounted officer knows exactly what he may carry. In his pockets or haversack or slung on a belt he is restricted to a whistle, compass, notebook, water bottle, clasp knife, besides sword, pistol and ammunition. On his horse, attached to the saddle, are a spare shoe, case with nails, nosebag, picketing pipes and pegs, cloak, mess tin, field glass and in a pair of wallets an emergency ration, tin of vaseline, undergarmen (not exceeding two pounds), knife, fork, spoon, comb, toothbrush, shaving brush, razor, nightcap, field cap, towel and soap, drinking cup, map of country and a box of matches. All these articles must not, with saddle and bridle, exceed 7½ pounds in weight. Carried in the regimental transport each mounted officer is restricted to 25 pounds of baggage, which must be packed in bed valise, and includes change of clothing and linen, boots and putties, canvas shoes, bucket, lantern and writing portfolio, camp kettle, two plates and pepper and salt pots.

NOT FRIGHTENED A BIT.

"Look, pap, yo' coats on flah."

"Dats all right, honey, dis is mah smokin' jacket."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Favorite of Providence.

"Hit do 'pear lak Providence is on my side," said the colored brother. "You know I los' my lef' arm in de sawmill las' year?" "Yes." "Well, I got $50 damage fer dat; en fo' I'd half spent de money, along come de railroad en cut off William's leg, en I go' so much money fer dat I ain't done countin' it yit! If Providence des stan's by me, en dey kep on a-hackin' at us, we'll soon be livin' in a painted house wid two brick chimneys."—Atlanta Constitution.

Harry Took the Hint.

Harry wanted to give Lucy a birthday present, but could not make up his mind what it should be; so the next time he called he frankly told her the difficulty under which he was laboring.

"Want to make me a present, Harry?" exclaimed Lucy, in well counterfeited astonishment. "Why, Harry, you forget yourself!"

Harry took the hint, and offered himself on the spot.—Tit-Bits.

His Farewell Shot.

"I won't hear you say a word against Harold Bicknell!" haughtily exclaimed Perdita Punkyn-Hedde. "I think more of his little finger than I do of your whole body!"

"I don't doubt it!" howled the mortified and indignant youth, grabbing his hat. "But I want to tell you it isn't a diamond ring he wears on his little finger! I know what he paid for it, and it's paste!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Companion-Piece.

"I suppose," said the thoughtful one, "that 'Maud Muller' might be called the companion poem to 'The man with the hoe.'"

Quoth the thoughtless one: "I can't imagine why."

"Well, Maud was the girl with the rake, you remember."—Judge.

A Doubtful Future.

"Your son has a remarkable ear for music," said the professor.

"Ah!" said the delighted mother.

"Yes. But I can't tell whether he will play the piano and be a great genius or simply learn to whistle and be a great nuisance."—Washington Star.

Peace-Loving Woman.

"Did you pay the grocer and butcher, Amelia?"

"No; there wasn't enough to pay both of them. To pay only one would make trouble, so I just took the money and spent it down town."—Indianapolis Journal.

Unnecessary Advice.

Johnny had sipped at a boiling cup of tea and was howling.

"Hold your tongue," his mother ordered.

"I can't," he screamed, "it's too sore to take a hold of."—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

A Record Holder.

"I take it," said the tourist, "that this is a strictly agricultural county."

"Yes, indeed!" replied the local statistician. "I figure that our people have bought more gold bricks per capita than the people of any other county in the state."—Puck.

PROTECTION FOR EVERY WOMAN IS FOUND IN Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

"I am the mother of four children," writes Mrs. Euphemia Falconer, of Trent, Muskegon Co., Mich. "My first two babies were still-born, and I suffered every thing but death. My friends all thought I could never recover. I was reduced to 109 pounds. When I was three months along for my third child I was taken with hemorrhage or flooding and came near having a miscarriage from female weakness. For two months I was under the care of our doctor, but was getting weaker all the time until one day I happened to come across one of your little books and I read it through, and the next day I sent and got three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and one bottle of 'Pellets.' I improved so fast I continued to take your medicine until baby was born, and he is healthy and all right. My health has been good ever since. I now weigh 165 pounds."

"Favorite Prescription" makes Weak Women Strong, and Sick Women Well.

HOOD vs. HOOD.

C. I. Hood & Co. Victorious in Important Cases—Injunction Against Dr. J. C. Hood.

Important suits have just been decided in the U. S. Circuit Courts involving the right to the word Hood or Hood's. Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co., of Lowell, Mass., proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla, began suit for infringement against Dr. J. C. Hood, of Louisville, Ky., who was putting up what he called "Dr. Hood's Sarsaparilla." After a hearing in the U. S. Circuit Court, at Louisville, Judge Evans, on April 12, granted a temporary injunction in favor of C. I. Hood & Co., and restraining J. C. Hood from using the word Hood in any way or form on any preparation of sarsaparilla.

Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co. also began suit against a retail druggist in Indianapolis, Louis H. Renkert, who was selling Dr. J. C. Hood's Sarsaparilla. Dr. J. C. Hood employed counsel and made a defence, but Judge Baker, of the U. S. Circuit Court, granted an injunction, which, on April 23, became perpetual.

These two decrees establish the exclusive right of C. I. Hood & Co. to the word "Hood's," and decide in effect that no other person can put up a Hood's Sarsaparilla, even if his name is Hood, nor can any retail druggist sell, or offer for sale, any sarsaparilla bearing the name Hood or Hood's, other than that prepared by C. I. Hood & Co.

These decisions will be gratifying to every fair-minded person. No manufacturer should object to fair competition, but when an attempt is made to steal or infringe upon a business which has been established by great skill, labor and expenditure, justice cannot be dealt out too quickly. Nor should "substitution" be allowed, when a standard article is called for. Therefore, when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla you should be sure to get "only Hood's."

Some men are such deep thinkers that their thoughts never get to the surface.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by C. A. Kleim, druggist, 128 W. Main St., Bloomsburg, Pa. 4 26 1y.

From a cycler's point of view the path of duty is often strewn with tacks.

SHAKE IT INTO YOUR SHOES—Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, swollen feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 6 7d4t.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF VALUABLE—
REAL ESTATE

The undersigned, executor of Ezekiel Cole, late of Sugarloaf Township, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, deceased, will sell, at public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1900,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following piece, or parcel of land, situate in Benton Township, county and state aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post, in a road, and land late of Scott E. Colley; thence south seventy-nine and three-quarters degrees west, twenty-six perches to post in road; thence south eighty and one-quarter degrees west, twenty-nine and three-tenths perches to post in road; thence north sixty-five and three-quarters degrees west, twenty and three-tenths perches to chestnut stump; thence north fifty-three and one-half degrees west, thirty-seven and five-tenths perches to post in road; thence north seventy-three degrees west, fifteen perches to post; thence south seventy-seven and three-quarters degrees east, one hundred and twenty and five-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containg

7 ACRES

and one hundred and fifteen perches, neat.

There are said to be a never-failing spring of excellent water on the lot.

TERMS OF SALE.—Twenty-five per cent. of the bid to be paid on striking down the property, and the balance on the first day of October, A. D. 1900.

Possession and a deed will be delivered on full payment of the purchase money.

H. H. GROTZ,
Executor.

Freeze, Atty.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1900,

at two o'clock p. m., all the following described tract of land, situate in the Township of Centre, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by lands of M. W. Jackson, on the east by lands of Solomon Houseknecht and William L. Freas, on the south by the Susquehanna river, and on the west by land of Isaac Crider and M. W. Jackson, containing

118 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story

DWELLING HOUSE,

frame bank barn, sheds and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Geo W. VanSiden, use, vs. Samuel Knorr, and to be sold as the property of Samuel Knorr.

W. W. BLACK,
Sheriff.

Miller, Atty.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF OLIVER E. MUTCHLER, LATE OF MAYBERRY TWP., MONTOUR CO., PA., DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Oliver E. Mutchler, late of Shamokin Twp., North'd Co., Pa., have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

EVERT C. PENSYL,
5 10 6t* Administrator.

An Old House in New Quarters.

James Reilly has moved his Barber Shop to the Central Hotel, room recently used as a parlor, on first floor. Newly furnished. Expert workmen. Give us a call. 4-5-1y

Ordinance of Orangeville Borough.

BOROUGH ORDINANCE NO. 15.

AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING THE GRADES OF THE STREETS, ALLEYS AND PAVEMENTS, AND FIXING THE WIDTH OF THE STREETS AND ALLEYS AND WIDTHS OF THE SIDE OR FOOT-WALKS AND DESIGNATING THE MATERIALS OUT OF WHICH THE SIDE OR FOOT-WALKS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED, AND IN WHAT MANNER SAID SIDE OR FOOT-WALKS SHALL BE BUILT IN THE BOROUGH OF ORANGEVILLE.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Borough Council of the Borough of Orangeville, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same:

SECTION 1.—That the grade of said streets or highways and alleys, in the Borough of Orangeville, shall be as follows, to wit:

MAIN STREET, NORTHEAST FROM THE BOROUGH LINE.

Beginning at the Borough line, on the road to Bloomsburg, at an elevation of 43.03; thence N. E. with a minus grade of 2.6 per cent for 512.8 feet to the south side of Broad street; thence across Broad street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 50 feet; thence a minus grade of .5 per cent. for 345.0 feet; thence a plus grade of .47 per cent. for 242.0 feet; thence a minus grade of .50 per cent. for 230.0 feet to the centre of Mt. Pleasant street; thence a plus grade of .62 per cent. for 312.6 feet to the south side of Pine street; thence across Pine street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 51.9 feet; thence a plus grade of 1.08 per cent. for 255.7 feet; thence a plus grade of 1.32 per cent. for 227.9 feet; thence a plus grade of .55 per cent. for 288.1 feet to the south side of Ricketts street; thence across Ricketts' street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 32.0 feet; thence a minus grade of .61 per cent. for 284.7 feet; thence a minus grade of 1.67 per cent. for 300.00 feet; thence a plus grade of .43 per cent. for 370 feet; thence a plus grade of .97 per cent. for 400 feet; thence a minus grade of .61 per cent. for 571.9 feet to the Borough line.

MILL STREET, SOUTH FROM RICKETTS' STREET.

Beginning at the south side of Ricketts' street, at an elevation of 21.4; thence southwest with a plus grade of 0.42 per cent. for 286.6 feet to the centre of an alley; thence a minus grade of 0.515 per cent. for 267.4 feet; thence a minus grade of 2.203 per cent. for 2 7.5 feet, to the north side of Pine street; thence across Pine street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 45.0 feet; thence a minus grade of 3.16 per cent. for 47.5 feet; thence a minus grade of .58 per cent for 260.0 feet to the centre of Mt. Pleasant street; thence a plus grade of 1.067 per cent. for 389.0 feet; thence a minus grade of 0.5 per cent. for 729.1 feet, to the intersection of Broad street.

RICKETTS' STREET, WEST FROM MAIN STREET.

Beginning at the west side of Main street, at an elevation of 38.8, thence westerly with a minus grade of 7.336 per cent. for 237.2 feet to the edge of Mill street; thence across Mill street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 38.0 feet; thence a minus grade of 6.191 per cent. for 102.4 feet, to the east end of Race bridge.

BROAD STREET FROM MILL STREET, EAST.

Beginning at the east side of Mill street, at an elevation of 14.6; thence easterly with a plus grade of 1.82 per cent. for 330.4 feet; thence a plus grade of 4.346 per cent for 223.2 feet; thence a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 41.0 feet across Main street; thence a plus grade of 6.385 per cent. for 153.4 feet to the centre of an alley.

PINE STREET, SOUTHEAST FROM RAILROAD STREET

Beginning at the southeast side of Railroad street, at an elevation of 5.0; thence southeast with a plus grade of 3.67 per cent. for 163.5 feet; thence a plus grade of 6.7 per cent. for 82.1 feet, to the west side of Mill street; thence across Mill street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 38.0 feet; thence a plus grade of 5.92 per cent. for 239.6 feet, to the west side of Main street; thence across Main street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 41.0 feet; thence a plus grade of 6.886 per cent. for 219.3 feet; thence a plus grade of 10.197 per cent. for 760 feet; thence a plus grade of 6.786 per cent. for 140.0 feet.

MT. PLEASANT STREET, NORTHWEST FROM MAIN STREET.

Beginning at the northwest side of Main street, at an elevation of 27.95; thence a minus grade of 7.043 per cent. for 128.5 feet, to the centre of Center alley; thence a minus grade of 4.5 per cent. for 120.0 feet to the east side of Mill street; thence across Mill street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 41.0 feet; thence a minus grade of 0.489 per cent. for 541.3 feet to the Borough line.

RAILROAD STREET, NORTHEAST FROM PINE STREET.

Beginning at the northeast side of Pine street, at an elevation of 5.0; thence a plus grade of 2.24 per cent. for 625 feet to a bridge; thence a minus grade of 2.12 per cent. for 65.0 feet; thence a plus grade of 0.706 per cent. for 705.1 feet, to the intersection of Ricketts' street.

CENTER ALLEY, SOUTH FROM RICKETTS' STREET.

Beginning at the south side of Ricketts' street, at an elevation of 29.64; thence southwest with a minus grade of 1.97 per cent. for 285.6 feet to the centre of an alley; thence a plus grade of 0.671 per cent. for 238.4 feet; thence a minus grade of 0.903 per cent. for 260.1 feet, to the north side of Pine street; thence across Pine street at a grade of 0.0 per cent. for 45.0 feet; thence a minus grade of 1.44 per cent for 301.1 feet, to the intersection of Mt. Pleasant street.

FACTORY ALLEY.

Beginning at the northeast side of Ricketts' street at an elevation of 16.87; thence a minus grade of 0.77 per cent. for 119.1 feet; thence a plus grade of 6.638 per cent. for 332.4 feet, to the intersection of Main street.

MEGARGELL ALLEY, SOUTH FROM NEW STREET.

Beginning at an elevation of 26.41; thence a plus grade of 0.54 per cent. for 233.5 feet; thence a plus grade of 2.31 per cent. for 79.5 feet, to the intersection of Broad street.

DELONG ALLEY, EAST FROM MILL STREET.

Beginning at an elevation of 22.6; thence a plus grade of 1.23 per cent. for 114.1 feet to the centre of Centre alley; thence a plus grade of 9.8.7 per cent. for 133.5 feet, to the intersection of Main street.

NEW STREET, EAST FROM MAIN STREET.

Beginning at an elevation of 28.06; thence a plus grade of 5.201 per cent. for 825.6 feet; thence a plus grade of 6.467 per cent. for 827.3 feet.

SECTION 2.—The width of the streets and alleys, and the width, grade and location of the side and foot-walks thereon, shall be as follows:

MAIN STREET.

The width of Main street shall be 41 feet between property lines, and the side or foot-walks thereon shall be 5 feet in width; the pavement shall be 4 feet in width, leaving one foot of well-graded ground between the pavement and the curb line. The curb on the west side of the street shall be throughout of the same elevation as the crown of the street; and on the east side of the street it shall be of the same elevation as the crown of the street for 1149.8 feet from the south Borough line; thence a plus grade of .33 per cent. for 5.2.6 feet, to the south side of Pine street; and beginning at the north side of Pine street the curb shall be 1 foot higher than the crown of the street; thence a plus grade of 1.51 per cent. for 183.6 feet; thence a plus grade of .85 per cent. for 304.1 feet to the centre of Ricketts' street; thence a plus grade of 0.91 per cent. for 137.8 feet; thence a minus grade of 1.52 per cent. for 239.2 feet; thence a minus grade of 2.86 per cent for 220.8 feet; thence it shall be of the same elevation as the crown of the street for 1341.9 feet to the north Borough line. The pavement on the east side of this street shall be constructed from the point where Broad street intersects this street, and continued to the northern line of the lot now owned and occupied by Lizzie Gray; and on the west side of this street the pavement shall be constructed from the point where Broad street intersects this street and continued to the northern line of the lot now owned and occupied by Jonathan Foust.

MILL STREET.

The width of Mill street shall be 48 feet between property lines, from Ricketts' street to Mt. Pleasant street; and from Mt. Pleasant street to Broad street the width of Mill street shall be 50 feet. The side or foot-walks on that part of Mill street, between Ricketts' street and Mt. Pleasant street, shall be 5 feet in width, and the pavement shall be 4 feet in width, leaving 1 foot of well-graded ground between the pavement and the curb line; and the side or foot-walks on this street, between Mt. Pleasant street and Broad street, shall be 8 feet in width, and the pavement shall be four feet in width, leaving 2 feet of well-graded ground between the pavement and the curb line, and 2 feet of well-graded ground between the pavement and property line. The curb on the west side of Mill street shall be throughout of the same elevation as the crown of the street, and on the east side of the street, beginning at Ricketts' street, it shall be of the same elevation as the crown of the street for 584.0 feet; thence a minus grade of 1.72 per cent. for 276.5 feet to the north side of Pine street, and beginning at the south side of Pine street it shall thence be of the same elevation as the crown of the street. The pavements shall be constructed on both sides of this street, from Ricketts' street to Pine street, and pavements shall be constructed only on the east side of this street, from Pine street to Mt. Pleasant street, and constructed from this point to the Wertman line, on the west side of the street.

PINE STREET.

The width of Pine street, from Railroad street to Main street, shall be 45 feet between property lines, and from Main street east it shall be 44.0 feet between property lines for a distance of 1119.3 feet. The side or foot-walks on this street shall be 6.0 feet in width, and the pavement shall be 4.0 feet in width, leaving 1 foot of well-graded ground between the pavement and the curb line, and 1 foot of well-graded ground between the pavement and the property line. Beginning at Railroad street the curb on the south side of Pine street shall be of the same elevation as the crown of the street for 523.2 feet to the west side of Main street, and beginning at the east side of Main street it shall be 1 foot higher than the crown of the street; thence a plus grade of 6.429 per cent. for 219.6 feet; thence it shall be the same elevation as the crown of the street; and beginning at Railroad street the elevation of the curb on the north side of the street shall be the same as that of the crown of the street for 345.6 feet to the west side of Mill street, and beginning at the east side of Mill street it shall be 1 foot higher than the crown of the street; thence a plus grade of 5.175 per cent. for 229.6 feet to the west side of Main street, and beginning at the east side of Main street it shall thence be the same as the curb on the south side of this street. Pavements shall be constructed on both sides of this street, from the point where it intersects Mill street eastwardly, to the William Fisher line.

RICKETTS' STREET.

The width of Ricketts' street shall be 32 feet between property lines, and the side or foot-walks shall be 5 feet in width, and the pavement shall be 4 feet in width, leaving 1 foot of well-graded ground between the pavement and the curb line. The curbs on both sides of the street shall be throughout of the same height as the crown of the street. The pavements shall be constructed on both sides of this street, from the point where it intersects Main street westwardly, to the Race bridge.

BROAD STREET.

The width of Broad street shall be 50.0 feet between property lines, and the side or foot-walks shall be 8 feet in width, and the pavements shall be 4 feet in width, leaving 2 feet of well-graded ground between the pavement and the curb line, and two feet of well-graded ground between the pavement and the property line. The curbs on both sides of the street shall be throughout of the same height as the crown of the street. The pavement shall be constructed only on the south side of this street, from Mill street eastwardly, to Main street.

MT. PLEASANT STREET.

The width of Mt. Pleasant street, from Main street to Mill street, shall be 20.0 feet between property lines, and from Mill street to the Borough line it shall be 33.0 feet between property lines. The side or foot-walks on that part of this street, between Main street and Mill street, shall be 4.0 feet in width, and the pavement shall be of the same width, and on that part of this street, between Mill street and the Borough line, the side or foot-walks shall be 5.0 feet in width, and the pavement shall be 4.0 feet in width, leaving 1 foot of well-graded ground between the pavement and the curb line. The curb shall be throughout of the same height as the crown of the street. Pavements shall be constructed only on the north side of this street, from Main street to Mill street.

RAILROAD STREET.

The width of Railroad street shall be 35.0 feet between property lines.

FACTORY ALLEY.

The width of Factory alley shall be 16.5 feet between property lines.

CENTER ALLEY.

The width of Center alley shall be 12.0 feet between property lines.

MEGARGELL ALLEY.

The width of Megargell alley shall be 16.5 feet between property lines.

DELONG ALLEY.

The width of DeLong alley shall be 12.0 feet between property lines.

NEW STREET.

The width of New street shall be 33.0 feet between property lines.

SECTION 3.—Where pavements are hereinbefore directed to be constructed, they shall be built and kept in repair by the persons or corporations or associations owning the property abutting on streets where pavements have been ordained by Council to be laid.

Section 4. All pavements in this Borough shall be constructed of wood, brick, stone, concrete, or cement. If wood is used the following regulations shall be observed: The pavement shall be constructed of two-inch plank, of the proper length, and be laid crosswise. Said plank shall be securely nailed to at least three mud sills, and the sills next to the curb, and next to the property line, shall be placed out flush with the end of the plank, so as to avoid tipping, if plank should get loose. The pitch of all pavements in this Borough, from the street line to the curb, shall be one-half of an inch to the foot.

Section 5.—All pavements in this Borough shall be placed on the street lines, and be constructed of the materials as above set out, and in accordance with the directions as above given, and be placed on the grades as above set out for the pavements, within one year from the date of the passing of this ordinance.

Section 6.—That if any property owner refuses, or neglects to build, lay, or re-lay any pavement, or make it conform to grade, or place it on the street line, after notice so to do from the Secretary of the Borough Council, then it shall be lawful for the Borough Council to get the work done and charge the same to the property owner, to the cost of which may be added twenty per cent., for the use of the Borough.

Section 7.—All cobbling, guttering, ditching or curbing, on any of the streets, highways, or alleys, in this Borough, shall be done by the Borough.

Section 8.—That it shall be the duty of all persons, or property owners, before building, laying, or re-laying, any pavement, on any street, or highway in this Borough, to first get the street lines, and the grade of his side-walk, from the Borough Engineer, before constructing said pavement. If property owners do not comply with this section of this ordinance, they put their pavements down at the risk of having the Borough Council re-lay the same at the expense of the property owners.

Section 9.—That when any pavements in this Borough are placed on grade, and placed on the proper street lines, and there shall be a depression or an elevation between the pavement so placed on grade, and the pavement not placed on grade on a contiguous lot, then it shall be the duty of the property owner, whose pavement is not on grade, to make his pavement conform to the pavement on grade, so that the elevation, or depression, will be gradual and perfectly safe for pedestrians.

Section 10.—That the map presented by the Engineer, employed to make a plot of the town be and is hereby accepted; that the streets and alleys, as shown thereon, be and are hereby adopted; and that the stones, set by the said Engineer, at the angles and intersections of the streets and alleys, shall be considered the official centre stones on lines of those streets and alleys respectively; and that the said stones, as set by the Engineer, showing the grade lines, shall be considered the official grades of this Borough.

Passed May 21st, 1900.

C. B. WHITE,
President of the Borough Council.

Attest: CLINTON HERRING, Secretary.

Approved May 21st, 1900.

A. B. HERRING,
Chief Burgess.

BOROUGH ORDINANCE NO 16.

AN ORDINANCE PERMITTING THE MONTOUR AND COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY, ITS SUCCESSORS, OR ASSIGNS, TO CONSTRUCT, MAINTAIN AND OPERATE A TELEPHONE EXCHANGE AND SYSTEM OF TELEPHONE SERVICE IN THE BOROUGH OF ORANGEVILLE, COUNTY OF COLUMBIA, AND TO ERECT THE NECESSARY POLES, WIRES AND CABLES, TO OPERATE THE SAME, UPON CERTAIN TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Borough Council of the Borough of Orangeville, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same:

Section 1.—That permission is hereby granted to the Montour and Columbia Telephone Company, its successors, or assigns, to construct, maintain and operate, a telephone exchange and system of telephone service in the Borough of Orangeville, and for that purpose to erect and maintain the necessary poles, wires and cables, upon, over and through, the several streets, avenues, lanes and alleys, of the said Borough of Orangeville, subject, nevertheless, to the conditions and restrictions hereinafter contained, viz:

Section 2.—That said construction and work shall be done under the direction and subject to the approval of the Borough Engineer, and the Committee on Streets and Highways, in said Borough.

Section 3.—That no poles shall be erected upon any streeet or avenue of the said Borough where a lane or alley is available for the same purpose.

Section 4.—That said Company, its successors or assigns, shall so erect its poles and wires as not to interfere with the wires of other corporations now having poles and wires upon and over the streets, avenues, lanes and alleys, of the said Borough, and so as not to interfere with the firemen in the extinguishment of fires.

Section 5.—That the said poles shall not be erected so as to impede, obstruct, or interfere with the free flow and passage of water, in, through, over, or upon, any gutter, drain, sewer, culvert, or water course; nor so as to interfere with, or obstruct the convenient use of the streets, avenues, lanes and alleys, of the said Borough; nor so as to interfere with or damage private property, or of any corporation authorized to do business in the said Borough.

Section 6.—That the said Company, its successors, or assigns, shall erect neat poles, reasonably straight, and repair and make good all damage or injury to the streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, or highways of the said Borough of Orangeville, and side-walks thereof, or shade trees thereon, caused by it, its successors, or assigns, in the construction of said exchange and system; and the poles so erected, and the fixtures thereon, shall be erected and constructed in a safe and substantial manner and as neat in appearance as may be, and shall be located by the Borough Engineer and the Committee on Streets and Highways of said Borough, or under their direction, and all work shall be erected, constructed, maintained, repaired and cared for, at the cost of the said Telephone Company, its successors, or assigns, and the Borough Engineer, for assisting in this work, shall be paid by the said Telephone Company, its successors, or assigns.

Section 7.—That the said Telephone Company shall place in the Council Room, one telephone, which shall be for the exclusive use of the said Borough, and its Solicitor and Secretary, free of charge, as long as said Company, its successors, or assigns, continue to do business under this ordinance in said Borough.

Section 8.—That the said Montour and Columbia Telephone Company shall pay the charges attendant upon the preparation and publication of this Ordinance.

Section 9.—The privileges herein granted are expressly made subject to any ordinance heretofore or hereafter passed, regulating the erection, painting, repair or removal of telephone poles, in, or from the streets, lanes, avenues, alleys and highways, of the Borough of Orangeville; and subject, also, to the privilege, to the said Borough of Orangeville, at its election, to have the free and uninterrupted use of each and all of the poles of said pole line, or lines, for the erection or stringing of wires for its own purpose, free of any charge. Provided, that no wires, carrying a high tension current, shall be placed on said poles.

Section 10.—That before a permit shall be granted by the Borough Council to the said Telephone Company, to construct its exchange and system, as herein provided, the said Telephone Company shall file with the President of the Borough Council a bond, in the sum of five hundred dollars, conditioned upon a full and faithful performance of the conditions of this ordinance, which said bond shall be subject to the approval of the said Borough Council and until the said bond shall be approved, and the proper officer of the said Montour and Columbia Company shall have certified to the said Borough Council, in writing, its acceptance of the terms and conditions of this ordinance, no work shall be commenced upon the erection and construction of the said telephone line.

Section 11.—That the work of constructing said line shall be commenced within six months from the passage of this ordinance, and completed within one year, and failure to comply with this section shall revoke the permission by this ordinance granted.

Section 12.—This ordinance shall have force and effect upon the aforesaid certification of acceptance and legal publication thereof.

Passed May 28th, 1900.

C. B. WHITE,
President of the Borough Council.

Attest: CLINTON HERRING, Secretary.

Approved May 28th, 1900.

A. B. HERRING,
Chief Burgess.

A QUEER GIRL

By S. H. James.

"SHALL I invite her?"

Stella Reeves paused, with pen poised in the air.

"Can I help you, Stella?" asked Mrs. Reeves, from the depths of her easy-chair by the fire.

"I was thinking, mother," responded Stella, "whether I should invite Myra Garland to spend a week here. You know that Patty Harper, Nellie Campbell and Jennie Stagg are coming."

"Why not invite Myra?" asked Mrs. Reeves, eyeing her daughter curiously.

"Well, I don't know," said Stella, slowly. "She is ever so nice a girl, but she's queer."

"How queer?"

"Very quiet, and not at all like other girls. Sometimes I like her, and sometimes I do not, and that is the way with all the girls. She is not good company, I am afraid, and yet I want to invite her for that very reason. She never goes home except during the summer, and it is so dreary in the academy during Christmas and Easter holidays. But I dare say she will not come, anyhow."

"Invite her, Stella," said Mrs. Reeves, quietly. And Stella did.

It was night when Myra came, the train being late, and Mrs. Reeves did not see her until they all sat at the breakfast table next morning.

All the girls were there, and at first Mrs. Reeves mentally decided that Myra was only a homely girl with brown hair and hazel eyes, and much like other girls, but before the meal was ended she found herself watching the girl with increasing curiosity. She was queer, in her reversed, almost morose, manner, in her habitual silence and her grave, sweet smile.

"She is queer," said Mrs. Reeves to herself, "but I like her."

Before the day was out she liked Myra more than ever. When the other girls went out for a walk, Myra stayed indoors, fed the canary, dusted the bric-a-brac, and shook up the sofa and chair pillows, and did several other little tasks which Stella generally forgot.

Within three days Myra was firmly established in the Reeves household. She was so handy and so helpful and so good natured, everybody said, that Stella and the girls actually held a caucus to discover why they had called her queer, and failed to find a cause.

On the evening of the third day Arthur Reeves came home on leave from the naval school, where he was a cadet. Arthur was only 18, but such a big, burly fellow, especially in his cape overcoat, that you would have taken him for 25 at least—at a distance.

"You shall be our cavalier, Arthur," said Stella, "and I promise you shall have your hands full."

"All right," asserted Arthur, carelessly. "Bring on your girls; you can't frighten a sailor."

Then began a round of gayety such as fairly took away the girls' breath. They made trips to the old mill and the abandoned powder magazine, they went hunting and skating, and Arthur was the guiding spirit in all their pranks.

Myra revived her reputation for queerness in these expeditions.

"By the great hoop-block!" cried Arthur, with undisguised admiration, to his mother, as he was eating a late breakfast, "I call her a jolly girl, and no mistake."

"The girls say she is queer," said Mrs. Reeves.

"Queer!" he burst out. "Well, yes, perhaps she is, but I wish there were more queer girls like her. Is she rich, mother?"

"I believe not, Arthur."

"That's lucky!"

"Lucky?"

"For her. She will have to work, and she is sure to make her mark, and it will be a big one. Mother, I think—"

"Arthur!" called Stella, outside, "if you ever get through eating, we girls would like to have you drive us to the post office."

On Tuesday Arthur's leave would expire, and so it was arranged that on Monday there should be a picnic. It was Arthur's idea.

"Why not?" he asked. "It's mere nonsense to suppose that you can't have a picnic only in summer. What's the matter with taking the big sleigh, loading it up with picnic grub, including rubber blankets, in case we want to sit on the ground, and having a first-class time generally?"

It was unanimously voted that there was "nothing the matter with it," and on Monday morning the picnic sleigh jingled off.

Myra was there, even more quiet than usual, and her only response to the general chatter was a grave smile.

"What an old grandmother she is!" whispered Nellie Campbell to Jennie Stagg; and Jennie nodded a vigorous assent.

"I believe she has some dreadful ailment," whispered Patty Harper, in her turn, "and I wouldn't be surprised to see her drop at any moment."

"Pooh!" said Stella, contemptuously; "it is only Myra's way."

Meanwhile the object of these remarks sat quietly on the box-seat with Arthur, and said never a word.

"I say," said Arthur, at length, "why don't you talk?"

"Because I have nothing to say," replied Myra, tranquilly. "Besides, I am thinking—"

"Of the picnic?"

Myra smiled.

"Something more important than picnics. Have you ever been in Cairo?"

Arthur looked at her in amazement.

"What a queer girl!" he exclaimed, involuntarily.

Myra actually laughed.

"I know I am," she said, quickly; "but that is not answering my question. Were you ever in Cairo?"

"Twice."

"Do you know where the British consul general has his office?"

"Quite well. But what in the world—"

"Patience! Is there a large brick warehouse directly opposite, owned by an English firm, where ivory, ostrich feathers and spices are stored?"

"By Jove, there is!" ejaculated Arthur, in increasing amazement. "I remember it quite well, it is such an old building. But I say—"

"One more question," interrupted Myra, for the first time betraying some excitement. "Do you remember the Englishman's name?"

"Let me see," reflected Arthur. "I have heard it often enough. It is Golden—Garden—no, Gar—yes! Garland! Why, that's your name, isn't it?"

"Yes," answered Myra, with another smile. "The Cairo Garland was my uncle. He is dead, and I am going to Egypt next month to straighten out his affairs. I hear they are dreadfully tangled."

Arthur nearly let the lines fall.

"You are going to Egypt!" he repeated, mechanically. "Do you know anything about Egypt?"

"Not so much as I expect to," replied Myra.

And before Arthur could tell her what he thought of a 17-year-old girl going half round the world to settle anybody's affairs, Stella called out:

"Arthur, how long is it going to take to find a picnic ground?"

"We won't go a foot further," said Arthur, reining up. "We are eight miles from home now, and it looks like snow."

"Let it snow!" cried the girls, recklessly.

Then they swept a clear space, spread out the eatables, and began to eat right away, as picnic folks always do, while Arthur blanketed the horses.

But this picnic was just like every other picnic. Not being in summer, it couldn't rain; so it snowed, and after braving it out until they looked like snow images, it was decided to scurry home.

Then the usual accident occurred, but somewhat more serious than usual. One of the horses kicked Arthur on the knee as he was hitching him, and he sank down in a heap, with a cry of pain.

At this there was a great uproar, and the horse, highly alarmed, showed signs of lashing out again, in which case Arthur would have been brained, when Myra stepped forward quietly but quickly, and led the horse out of reach.

"Are you able to stand?" she asked, gently.

"Just about," replied Arthur, trying to choke off a groan. "I think some small bones must be fractured. Can any of the girls hitch up the horses?"

There was a blank silence, and then Myra said:

"I think I can, if you will look on and keep me from going wrong."

Arthur was thereupon helped into the sleigh, and just about the time the horses were hitched up he complicated matters by declaring that he felt so faint he could not drive.

"What shall we do?" wailed Stella.

And there were signs of a regular panic, when Myra said:

"I will drive, if Stella will show me the way."

Arthur was helped into the house, and then Myra added to the prevailing astonishment by volunteering to go for the doctor.

"It is only a mile," she said, "and I have my hand in now."

You may be sure that Mrs. Reeves and the girls made much of Myra for the next day or two, and were as much grieved as amazed when she announced her intention of leaving them for a long and perhaps dangerous journey.

"I thought," said Mrs. Reeves, inquiringly, "that you had no friends besides your aunt?"

"So did I," said Myra, quietly. "It was the morning of the picnic that I received the letter announcing my uncle's death.

"And you made up your mind within an hour what to do?" queried Arthur, who was propped up among some cushions.

Myra smiled assent.

"A very queer girl," said Mrs. Reeves to herself for the hundredth time.

She said it again when Stella received a letter from Myra, dated Cairo, March 10, 1885, telling her how she had administered her uncle's estate, and winding up with these words:

"You need not expect to see me for some time, as I have joined the Red Cross society, and I leave for Khartoum to-morrow."

"With all her money!" exclaimed Stella. "Well, I never! I was certain that she would go to Paris the very first thing!"

Not another word from Myra until a month after the cable brought the news that the war in Egypt was over, and then came another long and loving letter.

Arthur was home again, taller and stouter than ever, and very anxious to hear about the queer girl.

"I'll wager she's tired of the Red Cross," he said, with a laugh. "She is too young for such miserable scenes."

"She has left the Red Cross society," said Stella, with a look at her mother.

"I knew it," cried Arthur.

"And," continued Stella, slowly, "she has started for Chinese Tartary—"

"What?"

"To devote her life to missionary work. Her aunt is amply provided for, and the remainder of her fortune and all her life Myra has given to the heathen."

There was almost a painful pause for a full minute, broken by Arthur.

"You're right, mother—she is a queer girl! The queerest I ever knew."

"More than queer," was Mrs. Reeves' quiet comment. "She is the stuff that martyrs are made of."—Golden Days.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

Advices from India stated that the famine situation was worse.

Cambridge university conferred the degree of LL. D. on Embassador Choate.

Charles Hitchcock, Jr., 1903, of New York city won the golf championship at Yale.

Senator Davis of Minnesota made the address of alumni day at the University of Pennsylvania.

A Great Northern east bound train was wrecked at Summit, Mon., and a score of passengers injured.

The experts who examined the Havana treasury reported to General Wood that its condition was excellent.

Returned Alaska miners deposited $200,000 in gold dust at the United States assay office in Seattle, Wash.

Fears were expressed at Dutch Harbor, Alaska, for the safety of the steamer Alpha, which left May 9 for Cape Nome.

The San Francisco board of health is preparing to raise the quarantine of Chinatown, no case of plague having been reported for a fortnight.

Tuesday, June 12.

Soaking rains are needed to insure an average spring wheat crop.

The government allowed the 1,200 immigrants aboard the tramp steamship Gran Antilla to land.

Admiral and Mrs. Dewey went from Detroit to Grand Rapids, where they were given a rousing welcome.

Fire destroyed the grain building of George C. Ketchum & Co., New York city, causing a loss of $140,000.

Eight bronze howitzers have been stolen from the Chickamauga National park, presumably by metal thieves.

The department of agriculture estimates the total area planted in cotton at 25,558,000 acres, an increase of 2,036,000, or 8.7 per cent over last year.

Monday, June 11.

Americans and Englishmen are to erect a $7,000,000 pulp mill at Grand Falls, N. B.

Over 8,000,000 people have already passed the turnstiles of the Paris exposition.

The Pittsburg printers' strike, started in December last, has been officially declared off.

Bernard Morris, a caretaker of the lawns in Prospect park, Brooklyn, celebrated his one hundred and eighth birthday anniversary.

A bill prohibiting the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors in Prince Edward Island has just been passed by the legislature of that province.

Two negroes were hanged, shot and burned by a mob in Mississippi, another was hanged in Louisiana for suggesting opposition to the whites, and a fourth was shot.

Saturday, June 9.

The New York committee of 100 cabled $30,000 to India for the famine sufferers.

A Cairo dispatch says that 7,000 additional British troops are needed in Egypt.

The German reichstag agreed to raise the stamp duty to pay for the increase in the navy.

A slight fire in the London residence of United States Embassador Choate was easily extinguished.

Henry Wellesley, third Duke of Wellington, died at Strathfieldsaye House, Mortimer, Berkshire.

W. J. Bryan has 456 instructed delegates of the 492 already elected to the Kansas City convention.

Friday, June 8.

The state commerce commission held its closing session at Syracuse.

Six additional companies of deputies were sworn in to aid St. Louis police.

Mail advices stated that a rebellion against the British in Borneo had broken out.

Children to the number of 30,000 marched in the annual parade of Jersey City Sunday schools.

Major General O. O. Howard was elected president of the Congregational Home Missionary society.

The factory and stock of the Virginia and North Carolina Wheel company, near Richmond, were burned.

The executive committee of the Gold Democrats has been called to meet in Indianapolis July 25 to arrange for putting an independent ticket in the field.

Thursday, June 7.

The Sixty-ninth and Twenty-second regiments of New York exchanged camps.

Plans are completed for the inauguration of Governor Dole of Hawaii on June 14.

Mr. John H. Starin gave an excursion to 12,000 veteran soldiers and sailors and their friends.

The old homestead of the Frelinghuysen family at Somerville, N. J., was destroyed by fire.

Complete returns show that the Republican candidate for mayor of Portland, Or., is elected by 1,073 plurality.

Medals have been awarded at the Paris exposition to James McNeil Whistler and John Singer Sargent, the American painters.

The old building at East Haddam, Conn., in which Nathan Hale taught school was dedicated as a memorial to the martyr.

The state commerce convention met at Syracuse. Gustav H. Schwab made an address on canals and New York's foreign commerce.

Prominent negroes at a meeting in Philadelphia decided to organize a national negro party and put a negro presidential ticket in the field.

At Moody's Grave.

EAST NORTHFIELD, Mass., June 11.—The first public meeting on Round Top since the burial of Mr. Moody at that place occurred yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, when the seminary students, trustees and friends of the school met for an hour. The same plan of service was carried out as had been Mr. Moody's custom in years gone by. At the close of the service the entire company surrounded the grave of Mr. Moody and sang some of his favorite hymns. The service was most impressive and was attended by the immediate family of Mr. Moody.

McGovern Knocks Out White.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Terry McGovern, the little Brooklyn wonder, fully lived up to his title of featherweight champion at the Seaside Athletic club last evening by knocking out Tommy White, the clever Chicago boxer, in three rounds. The little champion never showed better form and gave his opponent no rest from the sound of the gong in the opening round until the referee had counted off the fatal ten seconds.

What does it profit a woman if she gain the whole world of knowledge and lose her own health? Young women students and school teachers, eager, ambitious, and full of energy, very often neglect their health in the struggle to gain education. They eat insufficient food, and at irregular hours, they allow irregularity of the womanly functions to be established, and the result is that they become chronic invalids with all their education practically worthless. There is a plain road back to health for such as these, marked by the feet of thousands. It is the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for diseases of the stomach and digestive and nutritive organs, and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for diseases of the delicate organs of womanhood. A cure so certainly follows the use of these remedies that out of hundreds of thousands who have tried the treatment, ninety-eight in every hundred have been perfectly and permanently cured. Constipation, with its calamitous consequences, which is a common ailment of students, can be entirely cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

When a woman gets old and bald she sighs with regret over the locks of hair she used to give away so indiscriminately.

DOES COFFEE AGREE WITH YOU?—If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." The children can drink it freely with great benefit. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c. and 25c. 5 24d4t

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned, executrix of the estate of William H. Snyder, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to public sale, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1900,

at 10 o'clock a. m., all that certain lot of land, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post, the northwest corner of Fourth and Catharine streets, of the said Town of Bloomsburg; thence along said Catharine street north, twenty-six degrees fifteen minutes east, one hundred and sixty-three feet to a corner, on said Catharine street; thence by lot of S. M. Hess south, sixty-three degrees forty-eight minutes west, ninety-eight and nine-tenths feet to a corner of lot late of Franklin Taylor; thence along said lot south twenty-five degrees twenty-nine minutes east, fifty-five and five-tenths feet to a corner of lot of Caroline Logan; thence along said lot north sixty-three degrees forty-eight minutes east, to a crner of lot of the said Caroline Logan: thence along the said lot south twenty-five degrees twenty-nine minutes east, one hundred and seven feet to a corner on Fourth street; thence along said Fourth street north sixty-four degrees forty minutes east, sixty-one feet to the place of beginning, on which are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE

and a stable, and a wagon shed.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

SARAH M. SNYDER, Executrix.

FRITZ, ATTY. 6-7

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1900,

at two o'clock p. m., all that certain piece, parcel and tract of land, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone, on the south side of Sixth street, fifteen feet west of line of E. C. Caswell, being on west side of a fifteen-foot alley, laid out by D. J. Waller; thence along west side of said alley southward, one hundred and thirty and five-tenths feet to a stone; thence parallel with Sixth Street, aforesaid, westwardly, one hundred and seventy-five feet, more or less, to line of land of Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad Company; thence northwardly along said line of Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad twenty-one feet, more or less, to a stone; thence eastwardly parallel with Sixth street, one hundred and ten feet, more or less, to a stone, seventy feet west of the westerly side of above alley; thence northwardly, parallel with said alley, one hundred and ten and five-tenths feet to Sixth street aforesaid; thence eastwardly along Sixth street seventy feet, to the place of beginning, being that portion of the premises described in the mortgage, executed by the Mears Manufacuring Company, to George E. Sponsler and Joseph W Eves, trustees, dated the first day of April A. D. 1899, recorded in Mortgage Book, Vol. 24, page 228, and named in judgment No. 179, February Term, 1900, and Levari Facias No. 55, September Term, 1900, being the writ upon which this sale is made, not heretofore sold, by virtue of legal process, on prior mortgage, upon the portion so sold, whereon is erected

A LARGE BRICK FOUNDRY

and other improvements.

Seized, taken in execution, a the suit of George E. Sponsler and Joseph W. Eves, trustees against Mears Manufacturing Company, and Keystone Manufacturing Company, terre tenants, and to be sold as he property of the Mears Manufacturing Company, and the Keystone Manufacturing Company, terre tenants

W. W. BLACK,

C. W. MILLER, ATTY. SHERIFF.

1891. 1900

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Paul E Wirt.....Vice President
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Morris S. Broadt.....Teller

Business and individual accounts respectfully solicited. Aug. 2, 1899.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office n Lockard's building,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.

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Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY--AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Wirt's Building,

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, First National Bank Bldg., 2d Floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts.,
CATAWISSA, PA.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexand Bros. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

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1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

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Office and residence—N. E. Cor. Fourth and Jefferson streets.
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	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,5
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,835,160	1,419,5
Queen, of N. Y....	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,2
Westchester, N.Y.	300,000	1,753,307	426 *
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,7

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(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
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FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted as paid as soon as determined, by Christian F Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bar rooms hot and cold water, and all moder conveniences

IT'S COMING.

The festive season of weddings, which create increased demands for Wedding Rings. We have them, set with diamonds, $8.00 and upwards.

Plain, Flat, or Oval, in 10k., 14k. and 18k. Solid, from $2.00 upwards. Engraved free of extra charge.

—o—

J. E. ROYS,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.

☞ Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in this section of the State. Write for terms and dates. ver disappoint our patrons. 1-5

SALES.

SATURDAY, JUNE 23d, 1900.—H. H. Grotz, executor of the estate of Ezekiel Cole, late of Sugarloaf Twp., deceased, will sell, at public sale, on the premises, a piece of land, situate in Benton Twp., containing 7 acres and 115 perches. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

SATURDAY, JUNE 30TH, 1900.—Sarah M. Snyder, executrix of Wm. H. Snyder, deceased, will sell, at public sale, a house and lot, situate on the corner of Fourth and Catharine streets, Bloomsburg. Sale to commence at 10 a. m.

Gypsies have been holding forth below town for a week past.

A RAPID INCREASE.

[Continued from 1st Page.]

spirited words and deeds for advance along all industrial, social and moral lines, and with proper life and steady advance and strong foundations, we shall become a model city in every respect, and take our place and part in the ongoing of state and nation, and world.

TOWN COUNCIL.

[Continued from 1st page.]

tor inspection, as cart of Winona Hose Co., was in bad condition, same not being clean.

Chief May stated that four times a year in his opinion was too often as the firemen were nearly all working men and could not leave their work.

The matter was referred to the chief of fire department.

The following bills were read and ordered paid:

G. B. Martin	$ 3 15
American Electric Light Co.	435 10
American Gas Light Co.	4 40
Bloom Steam & E L Company	19 21
W. C. Trappe	3 25
Harman & Hassert	3 03
M. Tracy	3 25
B. & S. Railroad Company	14 37
Conelius Callahan Co.	6 75
D. L. & W. R. R. Co.	45
I. Hagenbuch	12 50
George Weaver	1 25
A. M. Wintersteen	1 25
George Yost	2 50
Geo. Martin	2 90
Wm. Dietterick	1 25
D. R. Coffman	50

The bills for painting the Rescue Hose Company's carriage amounting to $45.09 were presented to Council.

AGENTS WANTED To sell the MARSH READING STAND AND REVOLVING BOOK CASE. Best office or library article ever patented, and SELLS EVERYWHERE ON SIGHT, at a good profit. Why stand idle with such a chance to make money? Ask the publisher of this paper to show you sample of this stand, or write us for full particulars at once.

(14d6m) MARSH MFG. CO.,
No 542 West Lake St., Chicago.

For Rent.

Two of the best rooms for offices in the town, second floor front COLUMBIAN building. Will be rented together or separately. Water, steam heat, electric light, and all modern conveniences. Terms low. Inquire of Geo. E. Elwell. tf

THE CONVENTION.

[Continued from 1st Page.]

"We the representatives of the Democratic Party of Columbia County, this day in Convention assembled, again renewing our pledges, fidelity and devotion to the sacred rights of the people, to the faith and principles of honest Government, pure politics and honest elections do hereby adopt the following resolutions:

First Resolved, That we recognize William J. Bryan, the patriot, the fearless expounder of those principles which underlie the foundations of this great Republic, the friend of the plain people, and the superb and matchless leader of the Democratic party. We heartily recommend his nomination as a candidate for President of the United States, knowing him to stand for the inherent rights of American citizenship, equal opportunities and equal condition to all men; and we pledge to him a united Democracy with 3000 majority in old Columbia County at the polls in November next.

Second—Resolved, That we denounce the un-Republican and un-American Administration of William McKinley.

Third, Resolved that we denounce the usurpation of power by William A. Stone, Governor of this great Commonwealth, who has set at naught the Constitution of the State and Nation in the appointment of Matthew Stanley Quay, to a seat in the United States Senate.

We also denounce him for exercising his veto power to abrogate the rights which belong to the legislature exclusively.

We also denounce him for aiding and abetting in the illegitimate sale of Oleo, or imitation butter in violation of the statute passed in the interests of the pure butter and dairy interests of the state, and for his approval of the reckless expenditure of the people's money.

Resolved that we most heartily indorse the course pursued by Hon. Rufus K. Polk in the National House of Representatives and pledge to him our united support in securing his re-election.

Fifth—Resolved, that we endorse the course pursued by Hon. William T. Creasy in the House of Representatives in the interests of Ballot Reform, equalization of taxation, the unlawful sale of bogus butter, and honest elections and honest counts.

Resolved: That we as a part of the Democracy of this State feel indebted to Col. Jas. M. Guffey, our National Committeeman, for his untiring efforts in behalf of the party, his unselfish interest in this respect demanding the confidence of all good Democrats.

Seventh. Resolved, that we do hereby express and voice the sentiment of the Democracy of Columbia County in extending to the county chairman, C. A. Small, Esq., and his efficient secretary, R. G. F. Kashinki, Esq., a vote of thanks for their efficient, untiring labors in placing the county organization second to none in the state.

W. H. BARWICK,
GIDEON MICHAEL,
W. B. ALLEN,
C. H. DILDINE,
A. F. MEREDITH.

At the conclusion of the above speeches were asked for. The first to respond was Rufus K. Polk. His remarks were brief, but very attractive. Hon. W. T. Creasy followed, and his prediction of victory at the coming election was loudly cheered. The audience still craved for more speech making and continued to call for Ikeler until that gentleman stepped to the front of the platform. He thanked the voters very kindly for their support and promised a faithful performance of his duty in the legislature.

Immediately at the close of the Convention the Standing Committee was called together for the purpose of electing a County Chairman. Two candidates were nominated, John G. Harman and C. A. Small. There was some little friction as to the method of taking the vote. It was first moved and seconded that the vote be taken by ballot. This method however was not to the liking of all the committeemen, as a few favored the aye and nay It was put to a *viva voce* vote and decided in favor of a ballot. The result was Small, 22; and Harman, 14.

The Treatment of Cage Birds.

We all love birds, but few know how to care for them properly. Everyone owning a bird will therefore be interested in a book containing over 150 engravings and a lithographic plate showing all the different kinds of fancy canaries in their natural colors, it gives full information in regard to song and fancy canaries and how to breed them for profit. Hints on the treatment and breeding of all kinds of cage birds, with descriptions of their diseases and the remedies needed to cure them. All about parrots and how to teach them to talk. Instructions for building and stocking an aviary. The most complete book of the kind ever published, irrespective of price mailed to any address on receipt of 15c. by the "Associated Fanciers," 400 N. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Official Vote of Primary Election, Held Saturday, June 9, 1900.

DISTRICTS.	CON	REPRESENTATIVE.						SHERIFF.			COR.		J. COM	
	Rufus K. Polk	W. T. Creasy	Geo. W. Sterner	Fred Ikeler	A. F. Young	R. G. F. Kashinka	C. Z. Schlicher	Daniel Knorr	Geo. B. Ikawa	O. B. Yocum	Dr. E. F. Sharpless	David Walsh	Adam A. Sult	David A. Shultz
Beaver	112	11	76	32	5	1	99	84	14	12	100	3	19	79
Benton Boro	63	42	16	22	5	24	32	44	13	5	44	12	39	21
Benton Township	84	66	13	23	2	83	11	85	18	10	88	29	44	36
Berwick, N. E.	32	24		7		21	1	14	11	2	30	6	23	5
Berwick, S. E.	47	26	4	15		30	6	35	6	2	39	6	41	6
Berwick, N. W.	18	13		1		16	5	15	1	1	15	2	16	1
Berwick, S. W.	57	14	1	6		24		19	5	4	21	4	22	3
Bloom, 1st	92	38	39	66	1		9	77	7	7	58	29	54	64
Bloom, 2d	114	60	70	58	5	1	7	84	18	16	57	34	58	78
Bloom, 3d	138	67	70	72	9	18	15	106	22	9	99	36	67	67
Bloom, 4th	149	88	92	68	5	4	17	102	29	18	117	38	71	69
Briarcreek	92	85	1	7		86	1	74	11	3	78	19	89	3
Catawissa Boro	171	164	10	18	2	138	4	7	159	3	160	6	151	15
Catawissa Township	67	59	11	6	9	43	8	31	25	11	41	25	21	45
Centralia, 1st	49	13	7	46	1			41	3	4		46	3	3
Centralia, 2d	65	27	44	30	1			21	39	1		65	21	36
Centre	72	66	25	39	6	25	1	54	1	14	57	13	52	16
Cleveland	90	75	22	47	4	16	13	34	1	55	84	3	36	49
Conyngham, E. N.	41	34	10	32	2			33	8		1	36	2	32
Conyngham, W. N.	14	13	10	2	2		3	9	6	1	8	9	7	8
Conyngham, W.	34	29		34		1		34				31	11	8
Conyngham, S. W.	43	37	1	43	1	2	2	39	3	1		43	3	40
Conyngham, S. E.	44	26	26	17		7	1	17	1		15	15	11	2
Fishingcreek, E.	79	59	3	30	8	48	6	33	5	30	46	26	52	21
Fishingcreek, W.	44	38	7	10	4	28	5	35	6	2	32	15	15	29
Franklin	44	43	21	7	1	11	2	35	6	13	42	3	26	18
Greenwood, E.	74	68	12	10	11	42	8	61	3	7	49	24	11	63
Greenwood, W.	50	15	8	25	31	3	5	34	1	13	41	6	26	23
Hemlock	78	41	57	17	14	1	25	56	1	18	60	15	21	51
Jackson	77	59	22	18	9	32	9	46	6	24	54	18	44	29
Locust	147	114	84	51	7	83	39	125	10	10	101	36	25	110
Madison	105	73	36	54	34	5	8	86	6	10	75	25	16	77
Main	102	73	73	39	21	11	22	65	26	8	87	10	14	89
Mifflin	142	100	11	90	11	31	40	61	63	15	126	15	96	44
Millville Boro	23	11	7	14	8		4	12	1	10	21	2	4	17
Montour	72	56	24	28	10	9	8	21	7	33	56	15	36	31
Mt. Pleasant	55	30	18	36	9	8	9	39	4	11	46	7	26	27
Orangeville Boro	41	31	18	11	11	8	5	29	3	7	39		21	18
Orange	27	26	2	5	10	13		26	2	1	25	2	17	11
Pine, N.	16	17		10	5	1		7		10	12	3	14	3
Pine, S.	34	25	9	2	24	5		22		12	13	21	17	17
Roaringcreek	47	34	38	4	3	1	12	26	1	19	40	3	25	19
Scott, E.	76	47	22	33	1	5		45	2	7	44	11	40	14
Scott, W.	42	35	12	19	4	7	2	26	3	13	23	8	15	25
Stillwater Boro	32	25	2	11	1	18	7	29		3	25	4	13	22
Sugarloaf, N.	60	39	21	25	4	17	5	33	16	8	37	14	27	25
Sugarloaf, S.	40	37	6	15	7	12	1	33	7	1	28	13	29	12
Totals	3245	2187	1023	1216	335	995	418	2000	563	466	2092	792	1417	1582

Life Insurance Figures.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The Insurance Press of this city published today some new details of the life insurance business, having compiled statistics showing the amounts of the payments to beneficiaries last year in more than 4,000 cities and towns of the United States. These local figures make apparent the magnitude of the distribution that is going on constantly through the insurance system. According to The Insurance Press report, which is based on special returns from the companies, 20 cities received more than $1,000,000 apiece in 1899, the records by leading cities being as follows: New York, $13,897,097; Philadelphia, $7,622,588; Brooklyn, $5,512,252; Chicago, $5,508,052; Boston, $4,842,657; Baltimore, $3,138,752; San Francisco, $2,605,928; St. Louis, $2,233,083; Pittsburg, $2,044,396; Cincinnati, $2,029,848.

Heroic Struggle For Life.

YONKERS, N. Y., June 12.—Hundreds of persons saw a struggle for life in the Hudson off this place yesterday afternoon. They watched one man save two women and after repeatedly saving another lose her finally. The one he lost was his wife. Those whom he rescued and those who witnessed his gallant fight for the lives of his companions, especially for his wife, say it would be hard to describe his heroism. The man was Arthur W. Birdsall, a stereotyper employed on a New York morning paper.

May Nominate Dewey.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 9.—The Indiana Gold Democrats have renewed the talk of nominating Admiral Dewey for the presidency if the party determines to hold a national convention, and it is being whispered among them that the name of the hero of Manila was informally discussed at the meeting of the executive committee in New York from which John P. Frenzel has just returned. It is said that the local Gold Democrats are a unit in favor of Dewey as the party candidate for the presidency.

GRAY STREAKS

Why let all your neighbors and friends think you must be twenty years older than you are? Yet it's impossible to look young with the color of 70 years in the hair. It's sad to see young persons look prematurely old in this way. Sad because it's all unnecessary; for gray hair may always be restored to its natural color by using—

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For over half a century this has been the standard hair preparation. It is an elegant dressing; stops falling of the hair; makes the hair grow; and cleanses the scalp from dandruff.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"I have been using Ayer's Hair Vigor for over 20 years and I can heartily recommend it to the public as the best hair tonic in existence."
Mrs. G. L. ALDERSON,
April 24, 1899. Ector, Tex.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address,
DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.

AT WEST POINT.

Commencement Exercises Closed. General Miles Reviews Graduates.

WEST POINT, N. Y., June 13.—General Nelson A. Miles arrived at 5 o'clock last evening. He came up from New York on a private yacht and was met at the landing by a detachment of cavalry in dress uniform and escorted to the quarters of Colonel Mills. At half past 5 o'clock the corps of cadets was reviewed by General Miles, General Otis, General Chaffee, General Brooke and General Gates. The members of the graduation class participated in their last dress parade at 6:30. At the conclusion of these maneuvers Colonel Hein, the commandant, called the members of the first class from the ranks and in a few words congratulated them upon their successful course and bade them a hearty welcome to the commissioned force of the army. There was a large crowd of visitors, and the graduating exercises this morning closed the two weeks' ceremonies. The class numbered 54.

Memorial hall, which was erected here at a cost of $250,000 by a bequest of the late General Cullom in honor of West Point graduates, was dedicated by the Association of Graduates at an alumni banquet last night. General Viele, as president of the association, formally presented the building to the president of the United States through the secretary of war, and the latter in turn presented it to the army of the United States through General Miles. Speeches were made before and after the presentation and acceptance. It was the largest reunion of graduates ever held at West Point.

Roosevelt and the Ice Trust.

ALBANY, June 13.—Governor Roosevelt is proceeding very deliberately and carefully in the ice trust matter. He had a long conference yesterday with Attorney General Davies and Judge Coyne and went over very thoroughly the evidence brought out before Justice Gaynor Saturday. He would make no statement of his intention in the matter, so far as the removal of Mayor Van Wyck is concerned. Prior to his departure for Rochester the governor stated that there was nothing new in the matter and that he did not expect a report from the attorney general for a week or ten days—in fact, not until after the Republican national convention.

Gymnastic Union and Festival (Turnfest) North American, Philadelphia, June 17—24.

Reduced Rates to Philadelphia via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the Gymnastic Union and Festival (Turnfest) North American, at Philadelphia, June 17–24, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia from all stations on its line at the rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets to be sold and good going June 15 and 21, and to return until June 26 inclusive. 6-14 1t

You're There To Stay.

On the Lackawanna Limited there's no change between New York and St. Louis. New daily service via Niagara Falls and Wabash Railroad, leaving New York at 10:00 a. m., arriving in St. Louis at 2:00 p. m. next day. Best and quickest route to the west. Luxurious sleeping cars. Dining car service unsurpassed in quality and price. Close connection for Kansas City and the Southwest. Tenday stopover permitted at Niagara Falls.

Reduced Rates to Philadelphia.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad. Account Republican National Convention.

On account of the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, June 19, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia from all stations on its line at rate of one fare for the round trip (minimum rate 50 cents). Tickets will be sold and good going June 15 to 19, inclusive, and returning to June 26, inclusive. 5-31 3t

I. W. Hartman & Son. | I. W. Hartman & Son.

Money. Men and Women.

WOMEN see more bargains in a minute than men can see in a month. Man's the money earner, but he is not an economical money user, buying household supplies. This sale, at these prices, fit woman's opportunity and profit man's purse.

MEN'S needs supplied as satisfactorily and more cheaply at this store than elsewhere. 10 to 20 per cent. less than man pays for the same at exclusive men's furnishing stores. If man don't see it, his wife will.

MONEY, kept in the pocket, while requirements are met, not all of it, but more of it saved at this store than at most stores.

Shirt Waists.

That we may supply the demand for our $1 69 shirt waist, we have reduced a lot of lace front white waists from $2 25 to $1 69. These are entirely new, and worth the full price, but our $1 69 waists were so good that we have not been able to match them again.

White waists, 50c to $2 25.
Colored waists, 39c to $1 50.

Parasols.

The only line in Bloomsburg to please every woman. The reason for it is that all are new styles this season, and sold at the smallest prices.

White 'sols,	75c to $4 75
Black 'sols,	98c to 6 50
Colored 'sols,	50c to 5 00
Misses' 'sols,	50c to 1 45
Children's 'sols,	18c to 1 39

Fans.

500 new fans, just received. All styles—5c to 25c.

Baby Caps, Hats.

Many kinds and many qualities. Best qualities, best styles. Every size.

Baby caps, 9c to $1 50.
Baby hats, 15c to $1 50.
Sunbonnets, 25c.
Ladies' sunbonnets, each, 22c.

Ribbed Underwear

We've been wondering what caused the immense trade in our ladies' ribbed vests, 'till a few days ago. We had an opportunity to compare the grades and styles we sell with some others sold in town, and that told the story. Ours are better, and sell at less price.

Ladies' sleeveless vests, 5c to 39c
Ladies' ½-sleeve vests, 10c to 25c
Ladies' long sleeve vests, 25c.
Ladies' ribbed drawers, 25c.

Wash Skirts.

59c in style, 59c in wear, describes a ladies' wash skirt, imitation of linen, which we sell at 29c.

Linen skirts,	$1 00 to $3 00
Duck skirts,	75 to 2 00
Colored Pique skirts,	75 to 3 00
White Pique skirts,	84 to 3 00

Notions.

Taffeta ribbon, all colors, 19c.
Black velvet and satin ribbon, all widths. Price, right.
Good luck pins, 10c to 59c.
Palm leaf fans, each, 1c.
Mosquito net, yard, 5c.
Talcum powder, 5 and 15c box
Toilet soap, 5c to 25c.
Val. lace, 12 yards for 12c.
Garter lengths, elastic, 5 to 10c
Boy's stockings, extra good, pair, 10c.
Best table oil cloth, 1¼ yards wide, per yard, 15c.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Republican National Convention at Philadelphia June 19th and Grand Parade of the Visiting Clubs.

Special Rates of Fare via Philadelphia & Reading Railway.

From all the information that can be collected it is considered certain that the Republican National Convention of 1900 will greatly excel any previous convention, and that the grand parade of Republican Organizations to take place on the evening previous to the opening of the Convention will be the greatest in the party's history. Gen'l Louis Wagner, the chief marshall of the parade, estimates that there will be at least 25,000 to 30,000 men in line that evening.

The Philadelphia & Reading Railway has arranged to sell excursion tickets at special low rate from all ticket stations to Philadelphia and return. Tickets will be sold and good going June 15th to 19th, inclusive, and good to return until June 26th, 1900, inclusive.

In connection with this assembly of so many representative Republicans, the Philadelphia & Reading Railway will sell special excursion tickets Philadelphia to Gettysburg and return at the low rate of $4.00 for the round trip, tickets to be sold and good going June 16th to 23d and good for return until June 26th, 1900, inclusive.

For time of trains, rates of fare and other information thereto, apply to any Philadelphia & Reading ticket agent or address Edson J. Weeks, General Passenger Agent, Reading Terminal, Philadelphia.

Reduced Rates to Chicago.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad for the National Convention, June 27—28.

For the benefit of all persons wishing to be in Chicago during the National Prohibition Convention, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Chicago at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets to be sold and good going June 25 and 26, and returning, after proper validation by the Joint Agent of the terminal lines at Chicago, leaving Chicago to June 29 inclusive. A fee of twenty-five cents for each ticket will be collected by the Joint Agent when tickets are validated for return passage. 6-14 2t

If you are thinking of papering a room it will pay you to buy your paper at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

Reduced Rates to Kansas City.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the National Democratic Convention, to be held at Kansas City, July 4, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Kansas City from all stations on its line at rate of one firstclass fare for the round trip. Tickets to be sold and good going July 1, 2, and 3, and to return until July 9, inclusive. These tickets will be good on all trains except the Pennsylvania Limited, and must be used for continuous passage. 6-14 3t

On account of the Gymnastic Union and Festival of North America (Turnfest) the Lackawanna Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold and good for the going trip June 15th to June 21st, inclusive, good returning until June 26th inclusive.

On account of the Republican National Convention the Lackawanna Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold and good going June 15 to June 19 inclusive, good for return until June 26 inclusive.

S. R. Bidleman is prepared to show new patterns of wall paper for 1900, at the lowest prices. He has the agency for the only wall paper factory that is not included in the Trust. tf.

Shoes!

—o—

Do You Know

We have the Largest Stock of Shoes in the County?

You will make a mistake if you fail to see our lines before doing your shoe buying.

—o—

W. H. Moore,

COR. SECOND AND IRON STS.
Bloomsburg, Pa.